

Proposed Resolutions 2021-2022

The constitution of the Pennsylvania State Education Association states, "The purpose of this Association shall be to promote the general educational welfare of the state, to protect and advance the interests of its members, to foster professional zeal, and to advance educational standards."

To facilitate the purposes of the Association, each House of Delegates sets forth statements of resolutions committing the Association to action. A resolution is an expression of the belief or position of the Association.

A resolution calls for the interpretation or action by various agencies including the Association.

I. TO PROMOTE THE GENERAL EDUCATIONAL WELFARE OF THE STATE

I.1 The Resolutions Process

A-01 SAFEGUARDING THE RESOLUTIONS PROCESS

- The Association is committed to (1) developing its policies through a resolutions report prepared by
- active members by action by the House of
- 4 Delegates and (2) requiring that its elected officers
- 5 be accountable for progress and implementation of
- 6 resolutions. The Association is committed to
- 7 safeguarding this same process in the NEA.
- 8 Committees, commissions, departments, and
- 9 those PSEA members appointed to state boards
- and commissions should be knowledgeable of
- 11 PSEA resolutions and adhere to the concepts
- 12 therein. (80,95)

I.2 Civil and Human Rights

A-02 EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

- 1 The Association believes that public education
- should be provided from early childhood
- 3 through adulthood, be suited to the needs of the
- 4 individual, be non-segregated, be offered at
- 5 public expense, and be required through the
- 6 secondary school.
- 7 The Association also believes that local school
- 8 districts must be organized into administrative
- 9 units of sufficient size, resources, and
- 10 enrollment to ensure broad educational
- 11 opportunities for all.
- 12 The Association further believes that if privately
- supported nonpublic schools are selected.
- the cost must be borne by the individual, and
- the schools must meet or exceed the standards
- set forth by the Pennsylvania Department of
- 17 Education. (81,96,18, 19)

A-03 CIVIL RIGHTS

- The Association is committed to the achievement
- of a totally integrated society.
- 3 The Association calls upon all individuals to
- 4 eliminate all barriers of race, color, national origin,
- 5 religion, gender, sexual orientation, age, disability,
- 6 marital status, and economic status that prevent
- 7 some individuals, adult or juvenile, from exercising
- 8 rights enjoyed by others, including liberties
- 9 decreed in common law, the Constitution, and
- 10 statutes of the United States.

- 11 Civil order and obedience to the law must be
- 12 ensured without abridgment of human and civil
- rights. Everyone must be assured a speedy and
- 14 fair judicial process with free legal counsel for
- those in need. To be effective citizens, individuals
- must be trained and aided in developing strategies
- and expertise that will enable them to operate
- effectively in a democratic society. (93,09,17,20)

A-04 ELIMINATION OF DISCRIMINATION AND STEREOTYPING

- The Association believes in the equality of all
- 2 individuals. Discrimination and stereotyping
- 3 based on such factors as disability, economic
- 4 status, ethnicity, gender, gender expression
- 5 and identity, immigration status, marital status,
- 6 occupation, race, religion, and sexual
 - orientation must be eliminated.
- 8 The Association believes that equal access to all
- 9 resources and programs must be available to
- 10 all individuals.

7

- 11 The Association also believes that members must
- take an active role in promoting tolerance and
- respect for all individuals in all educational settings.
- 14 The elimination of discrimination and the
- practice of stereotyping should only occur through
- the addition, and not the reduction or
- 17 deletion, of time and/or programs.
- 18 The Association believes that the total school
- 19 curriculum should incorporate the positive
- aspects of human relations.
- 21 (80, 81, 83, 84, 95, 00, 11, 13, 16, 20)

A-05 SEXUAL HARASSMENT

- 1 The Association believes that school employees
- 2 and students must be protected from sexual
- 3 harassment.
- 4 The Association believes that every school district
- 5 must develop educational programs designed to
- 6 aid in the recognition, understanding, prevention
- 7 and elimination of sexual harassment.
- 8 The Association believes that every school district
- 9 must develop strong policies prohibiting sexual
- 10 harassment.
- 11 The Association further believes that every school
- district must develop and publicize procedures
- regarding sexual harassment that facilitate the
- reporting of incidents of sexual harassment,
- resolve complaints promptly, and protect the rights
- 16 of all parties.
- 17 The Association believes that school districts must
- 18 provide counseling for students and school

19 employees who are affected by sexual 20 harassment. (15)

ATTACKS ON HUMAN DIGNITY A-06

- The Association believes in the preservation of 1 2 human dignity for all people. The Association
- 3 rejects the use, commercial or otherwise, of
- names, symbols, caricatures, emblems, logos, and 4
- 5 mascots that promote prejudice. (99,00,18)

1.3 **School Funding**

A-07 **EQUITABLE SCHOOL FUNDING**

- The Association supports legislation that creates 2 an education funding formula that would allocate 3 state tax revenues to public schools in a fair, 4 transparent, and equitable manner, as well as 5 provide targeted property tax relief. Any tax relief 6 proposal worthy of consideration must address the present and future needs of public schools and 7 provide sufficient funding to replace any lost 8 9 property tax revenue. The Association opposes any legislative effort that 10
- drains school subsidies from public schools by 11
- 12 capping future funding at a rate that does not
- reflect actual costs. (14) 13

A-08 FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR EDUCATION

- The Association affirms and supports the mandate 2 of the state constitution to the General Assembly to 3 maintain and support a thorough and efficient
- 4 system of public education that guarantees 5 educational opportunities and resources for every
- 6 resident. 7 The Association also believes in a broad-based
- 8 federal, state, and local tax program that equitably 9 and fully funds the needs of all public-school
- entities as well as any federal and state mandates 10
- 11 without referenda.
- The Association further believes that subsidies to 12
- public school entities should be paid in full at the 13 14 beginning of each month.
- 15 The Association believes that all state and federal
- laws, regulations, and mandates governing public 16 17 schools must apply to any publicly funded
- 18 educational provider.
- 19 (80,81,82,86,87,90,94,95,99,06,13,17)

FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR PUBLIC A-09 **VOCATIONAL, CAREER, AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION**

- The Association supports legislation that provides 1 2 increases for the student reimbursement ratio and
- all recognized programs of public vocational, 3
- 4 career, and technical education.
- 5 The Association recommends that all funding for 6 public vocational, career, and technical education
- 7 should be allocated on the basis of the educational
- 8 services provided and persons served. (13)

FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SPECIAL A-10 **EDUCATION**

- 1 The Association believes that all special education
 - services should be fully funded by state
- 3 and federal revenues.

2

4

- The Association believes that full funding based on
- 5 the principle of excess cost is the most effective
- 6 method for delivery of services to special education
- 7 students within the Commonwealth.
- 8 (82,89,90,98,17,18)

<u>A</u>-11 **PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATION**

- The Association believes that Pennsylvania must
- 2 maintain and adequately fund a system of public
- 3 higher education in order to guarantee that every
- 4 qualified resident will have the opportunity to enroll 5
 - in public higher education.
- 6 The Association also believes tuition for
- 7 Pennsylvania residents should be eliminated at all
- public state and state-related colleges and 8
- 9 universities. The Association further believes each
- institution should maintain its own identity and 10
- admissions program. Each program should include 11
- an initiative to increase enrollment of minority and 12
- 13 underrepresented student populations.
- 14 (80, 82, 83, 99, 12, 13, 17, 20)

COMMUNITY COLLEGES A-12

- 1 The Association believes that a tuition-free
- 2 community college education should be available
- 3 within each county and must be accessible to all
- 4 Pennsylvania residents. Financial responsibility for
- 5 community colleges must lie with the State and
- 6 local sponsor(s), and financial constraints should
- 7 never be the reason for limiting the number of
- 8 students. Further, in the event of a budgetary
- 9 surplus at the end of the fiscal year, those funds
- shall be retained for the betterment of the college 10
- and its students. The Association also believes that 11
- 12 community colleges should maintain separate
- 13 identities and conduct open admissions programs.
- 14 The Association further believes that community
- 15 colleges should provide courses that will assist
- 16 education employees in obtaining and maintaining
- 17 certification. The Association believes that full-time
- 18 community college students should have elected
- 19 representation with full voting privileges on
- 20 community college boards of trustees in the
- 21 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
- (80,85,91,93,98,07,10,11,18,20) 22

<u>A-</u>13 **SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION**

- 1 The Association believes that a school bus is the
- 2 safest form of transportation and that all eligible
- 3 students should be encouraged to ride the bus. All
- 4 school buses must be owned, operated, and
- 5 staffed by the local school entity with the best
- 6 interests of all students being of primary concern.
- 7 Each bus driver must be assisted by either human
- 8 and/or mechanical monitors.

•	TI A	•	
9	The Association also believes that all safety	2	legislative and executive branches must be
10	requirements for buses and other vehicles must be	3	maintained without conceding the positions taken
11	stringently enforced and overcrowding prohibited.	4	on issues by the Houses of Delegates.
12	Student driving privileges should be restricted to	5	(82,91,02,03)
13	cases of need as determined by the school entity.	4 00	4.00500 TO BUBLIO INFORMATION/
14	The Association further believes that all aspects of	<u>A-20</u>	ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION/
15	public school transportation should be totally		SUNSHINE LAW
16	funded by the state. The Association opposes the	1	The Association supports the Pennsylvania
17	subcontracting of school transportation services.	2	"Sunshine Law" and believes the law must be fully
18	The Association believes transportation for	3	implemented. Pennsylvania's "Sunshine Law" must
19	nonpublic school students should not be provided	4	be implemented in spirit as well as in letter. The
20	at public expense. (80,81,84,03,10)	5	Association at state and local levels should
		6	cooperate in exposing violations of the "Sunshine
<u>A-14</u>	SERVICES AND SUPPORTS FOR CAREGIVERS	7	Law" as it relates to any governing board. (80,97)
1	The Association believes that state initiatives		
2	designed to provide information about available	<u>A-21</u>	GERRYMANDERING
3	services and supports for all designated caregivers	1	The Association opposes the gerrymandering of
4	of children are beneficial and should be adequately	2	legislative and congressional districts. The
5	funded. (15)	3	Association_supports redistricting standards
		4	that take into consideration the compactness of
<u>A-15</u>	VOUCHERS AND TAX CREDITS	5	districts as well as the preservation of communities
1	The Association opposes the use of vouchers,	6	of interest by splitting counties and municipalities
2	tuition tax credits, or tuition tax deductions as a	7	only when absolutely necessary to meet population
3	way of diverting funds from public education.	8	guidelines.
4	(84,88,04)	9	The Association also supports efforts to require
		10	that when legislative and congressional seats are
A-16	PUBLIC REFERENDA	11	redistricted following the decennial census that in
1	The Association opposes public referenda on	12	addition to current requirements for districts to be
2	school budgets in any form and by any name. (04)	13	equal in population, the districts should be drawn
		14	so as to maximize compactness and avoid
<u>l.4</u>	Educational Law and Government	15	whenever possible the splitting of county and
		16	municipal boundaries. (16, 21)
<u>A-17</u>	AWARENESS OF LAW IN THE PROFESSION		
1	The Association believes that copies of the laws,	<u>l.5</u>	Public Perceptions of Education
2 3	regulations, standards, guidelines, and basic		
	education circulars affecting education and the	<u>A-22</u>	PROPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION
4	profession should be readily accessible at the	4	
5		1	The Association believes that it must work
	place of employment. Courses pertaining to school	2	cooperatively and collectively with all
6	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should	-	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose
6 7	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs	2 3 4	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the
6	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should	2 3 4 5	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels.
6 7 8	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01)	2 3 4 5 6	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must
6 7 8 A-18	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE	2 3 4 5 6 7	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to
6 7 8	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education.
6 7 8 A-18 1 2	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently	2 3 4 5 6 7	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to
6 7 8 A-18	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14)
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5 6	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers must be selected for service based on competence	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A-23	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the efforts of those individuals or groups identified as
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers must be selected for service based on competence and not on partisanship. Policy makers must	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A-23 1 2 3	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the efforts of those individuals or groups identified as opponents of public education. The Association
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers must be selected for service based on competence and not on partisanship. Policy makers must understand their responsibility to ensure equitable	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A-23 1 2 3 4	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the efforts of those individuals or groups identified as opponents of public education. The Association must monitor opponents' actions and agendas and
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers must be selected for service based on competence and not on partisanship. Policy makers must understand their responsibility to ensure equitable educational opportunities for all.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A-23 1 2 3 4 5	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the efforts of those individuals or groups identified as opponents of public education. The Association must monitor opponents' actions and agendas and disseminate regular updates of their impact on the
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers must be selected for service based on competence and not on partisanship. Policy makers must understand their responsibility to ensure equitable educational opportunities for all. The Association further believes that provisions	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A-23 1 2 3 4	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the efforts of those individuals or groups identified as opponents of public education. The Association must monitor opponents' actions and agendas and
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers must be selected for service based on competence and not on partisanship. Policy makers must understand their responsibility to ensure equitable educational opportunities for all. The Association further believes that provisions must be established for professional	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A-23 1 2 3 4 5 6	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the efforts of those individuals or groups identified as opponents of public education. The Association must monitor opponents' actions and agendas and disseminate regular updates of their impact on the Association. (82,88,93,98, 19)
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers must be selected for service based on competence and not on partisanship. Policy makers must understand their responsibility to ensure equitable educational opportunities for all. The Association further believes that provisions must be established for professional educators to work effectively and ethically on	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A-23 1 2 3 4 5	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the efforts of those individuals or groups identified as opponents of public education. The Association must monitor opponents' actions and agendas and disseminate regular updates of their impact on the Association. (82,88,93,98, 19) PUBLIC RELATIONS
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers must be selected for service based on competence and not on partisanship. Policy makers must understand their responsibility to ensure equitable educational opportunities for all. The Association further believes that provisions must be established for professional educators to work effectively and ethically on questions of school policies and professional	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A-23 1 2 3 4 5 6 A-24	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the efforts of those individuals or groups identified as opponents of public education. The Association must monitor opponents' actions and agendas and disseminate regular updates of their impact on the Association. (82,88,93,98, 19) PUBLIC RELATIONS The Association believes the goals of public
6 7 8 A-18 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	laws, regulations, standards, and guidelines should be included in all teacher preparation programs that lead to certification. (87,01) EDUCATIONAL POLICY AND GOVERNANCE The Association believes that a single state board of education, elected by professionals currently engaged in education, should be the policy-making body for educational programs in Pennsylvania. The Association also believes that policy makers must be selected for service based on competence and not on partisanship. Policy makers must understand their responsibility to ensure equitable educational opportunities for all. The Association further believes that provisions must be established for professional educators to work effectively and ethically on	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A-23 1 2 3 4 5 6	cooperatively and collectively with all organizations, coalitions, and agencies whose interests and goals are to promote and improve the quality of public education at all levels. The Association also believes that it must continually work to engage private citizens to actively support public education. (80,87,88,96,04,11,14) OPPONENTS OF PUBLIC EDUCATION The Association must be continually aware of the efforts of those individuals or groups identified as opponents of public education. The Association must monitor opponents' actions and agendas and disseminate regular updates of their impact on the Association. (82,88,93,98, 19) PUBLIC RELATIONS

GOVERNMENTAL COMMUNICATIONS

The Association believes communication with

4

5

achievements of both students and education

employees. (80,93,00,01,05)

School Operations 1.6

16

17

18

19

A-25 **SCHOOL CALENDAR/DAY**

The Association believes that school calendars 1 2 must not be legislatively fixed and must be based 3 on local negotiations. The Association also 4 believes that school calendars should be 5 collaboratively designed by the bargaining unit and the school district or designated committee. 6 7 Professional bargaining unit members must have input into the complete structure of the school day 8 9 and calendar. The Association also believes that 10 any plan to recover state mandated school days lost due to weather emergencies, natural disasters, 11 epidemics, or other unforeseen circumstances 12 must be negotiated and agreed to by all affected 13 bargaining units. The Association further believes 14 15 that any increase in the length of school

calendar/year beyond the mandated 180-day

increases in salaries and fringe benefits for all

school year must be accompanied by proportional

CONSOLIDATION/DECONSOLIDATION OF A-26 **SCHOOL DISTRICTS**

employees. (90,95,97,05,12,14,20)

1 The Association believes that any proposal 2 advocating for consolidation or deconsolidation of 3 school districts must originate with and be 4 executed by all local stakeholders as well as 5 adhere to democratic processes. 6 The Association also believes that there must be 7 no reduction in educational programs or offerings from any such proposal. 8 The Association further believes that all 9

10 education employees must be maintained and treated equitably, and suffer no demotion in 11 12 position, salary, benefits, protections, or bargaining and due process rights. 13

The Association believes that employees of 14 15 newly consolidated or deconsolidated districts 16 must maintain membership in local, state and

17 national affiliates. (11,12,18)

II. TO PROTECT AND ADVANCE THE INTEREST OF ITS MEMBERS

II.1 Basic Rights of Members

DIGNITY AND RESPECT B-01

The Association believes that all education 2 employees must be treated with dignity and respect. (09,11)

ACADEMIC, PERSONAL, AND PROFESSIONAL **B-02 FREEDOM**

- 1 The Association believes that academic, personal, 2 and professional freedom is essential to the well-3 being of the teaching profession. Academic
- 4 freedom includes the right of the teacher

and learner to present, discuss, and explore controversial and divergent points of view in an atmosphere conducive to the quest for knowledge and truth. In order to achieve this, procedures must be established which guarantee that the professional staff has the right to select materials, 10 methods, and strategies that it believes to be most 11 appropriate to the curriculum and to the maturity 12 13 level of the students without censorship or 14 legislative interference. The professional staff must be free to exercise this judgment without fear of 15 institutional pressure of reprisal. 16 17 Challenges on the choice of instructional materials 18 must be orderly and objective, under procedures 19 mutually adopted by professional associations and 20 school boards. 21 Personal freedom includes all of those rights that 22 American citizens enjoy under the U.S. 23 Constitution, regardless of occupation. 24 Educators should not be penalized personally or 25 professionally for exercising their constitutional 26 riahts. 27 Professional freedom includes the right of educators to advocate their professional points of view and to evaluate and criticize the policies and

28

29 30 actions of the local school entity in which they are

31 employed without fear of reprisal.

32 Educators have the right and obligation to assist 33 colleagues when their academic, personal, or

34 professional freedom is threatened or violated.

35 (80,88,90,91)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

5

6

7

8

9

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AND GRIEVANCE B-03 PROCEDURES

The Association believes that local associations and policymaking boards must negotiate written master contracts. Such contracts shall result from negotiation in good faith between associations and such boards, through representatives of their choosing, to establish, maintain, protect, and improve terms and conditions for educational service and other matters of mutual concern including a provision for financial responsibility. The Association encourages local associations to see that all education employees are guaranteed a realistic opportunity for decisive participation in the establishment of instructional policies. Local associations are encouraged to become familiar with and work to attain contracts consistent with PSEA Collective Bargaining Goals. Procedures for the resolution of impasse must be provided in the master contract with definite steps to appeal the application of interpretation of board policies and agreements. Binding arbitration shall be a part of the grievance procedure. Those representing local associations in the negotiation process shall be granted released time without loss of pay. The Association believes that the employment of non-PSEA negotiators is not in the best interest of PSEA members organizationally, financially, or

27	professionally and is, therefore, not encouraged.
28	Faculty and first-level supervisors, in order to
29	preserve professional relationships within school
30	staffs, should not be negotiators for boards.
31	The Association encourages new education
32	employees to accept initial employment with those
33	areas or districts where master contracts have
34	been negotiated.
35	Members of the Association should be involved in
36	the development of guidelines for recruitment,
37	appointment, orientation, evaluation, transfer,
38	promotion, and dismissal of all professional
39	personnel. The rights and privileges of all
40	education employees should always be respected
41	regardless of what organization has sole
42	negotiation rights. (80,90,95,97,02)

B-04 PROFESSIONAL SANCTIONS

The Association supports the use of professional 1 2 sanctions in the form of public censure of any 3 school entity that fosters educational or 4 professional conditions which deter quality 5 teaching or learning. 6 The Association will also discourage prospective employees from applying to work in such entities. 7 8 (87,03)

B-05 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RELATIONS ACTS

The Association believes in a strong public sector 2 collective bargaining law. The Association believes 3 that all education employees need to be aware of 4 the principles, concepts, and implications of Acts 5 195 and 88. The collective bargaining process 6 should be a part of all teacher education and 7 continuing education programs. It also believes 8 that legislation is needed to: 9 (1) expand items mandated as negotiable to include educational matters relating to curriculum 10 and school programs and 11 (2) give all education employees, other than the 12 chief educational administrator and other 13 commissioned officers, but specifically including all 14 15 other administrators, supervisors, and special service personnel, the right to collective 16 17 negotiations with the board of school directors or of 18 trustees in bargaining units whose inclusiveness is 19 determined by the total education employees 20 involved. 21 The Association supports passage of a strong federal collective bargaining law for education 22

B-06 POLITICAL ACTION

23

The Association reaffirms the constitutional right and obligation of all education employees, individually and/or collectively, to participate in all aspects of the democratic political process and encourages all education employees, to actively do so. The Association must resist any efforts to deny or suppress the exercise of those rights. The

employees. (80,81,93,95,96,04,08)

8 Association should assist local associations in 9 bringing action against any policymaking board 10 which abrogates the political rights of education employees. Provisions should be made to enable 11 education employees to serve in any public office 12 without personal loss and/or curtailment of annual 13 increments, tenure, retirement, fringe benefits, or 14 15 seniority rights. The Association endorses PSEA-PACE, the PSEA 16 17 political action committee, and strongly urges members and friends of education to support it 18 19 through individual involvement and contributions. 20 The Association opposes legislation that would 21 uniformly impose expenditure limits without regard 22 to PAC size. (80,87,95,07,09)

B-07 PSEA - POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE FOR EDUCATION (PACE)

The Association encourages its members to 1 2 participate in the process of reviewing and 3 recommending candidates for political office and 4 strongly encourages all members and friends of 5 education to support all recommended candidates. 6 The Association also believes that members 7 must be allowed to contribute to PACE through 8 payroll deduction. The Association opposes 9 legislation that would uniformly impose expenditure 10 limits without regard to the size of a political action 11 committee (PAC). (11,12, 21)

B-08 PAYROLL DEDUCTION

The Association believes that payroll deduction is 2 an essential right of all public employees that 3 should be guaranteed by law. The Association also believes that all local associations should 4 5 adopt contract language that guarantees the right 6 to have payroll deduction. The Association 7 opposes any effort to limit the right to payroll deduction for professional association dues, fair 8 share contributions, and PSEA/NEA Political 9 10 Action Committee contributions. 11 The Association also opposes all attempts to limit

this right through the imposition of fees or

13 surcharges. (12,13)

B-09 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Association believes that state and federal programs, such as the Pennsylvania 529
Guaranteed Savings Plan, should be made available to school employees through payroll deduction. (10)

B-10 FAIR SHARE

The Association believes that Fair Share must be instituted in all PSEA locals. Those who do not join the association will be required to pay their fair share of legal and other necessary expenses that are involved in the negotiations process and grievance procedures. The Association opposes legislation that eliminates or limits the collection of

Fair Share. (80,81,93,95, 17)

8

B-11 PROFESSIONAL COMPENSATION

The Association believes that all professional 1 education employees should be fairly and 2 3 reasonably compensated. Salary schedules, as well as hourly wage tables, should be based on 4 5 certification, degrees, professional development, 6 experience, responsibility, and length of contract 7 year. Professional employees should have mandated salary schedules and/or hourly wage 8 9 tables with automatic annual increments. 10 All educators must be paid on a pro rata salary for service beyond the mandated 180-day school 11 term. All educators transferring between school 12 districts and intermediate units or career and 13 technical centers should be granted full credit for 14 15 professional experience in the matter of salaries and fringe benefits in accordance with the 16 employing school entity's contract. 17 The Association believes that all credits beyond 18 the baccalaureate degree including graduate, 19 20 undergraduate, inservice classes, and related experiences outside of the classroom should be 21 22 used to determine master's equivalency and/or placement on the salary schedule. 23 24 In addition to collectively bargained wages, the 25 Association believes that hourly education 26 employees should receive increases proportional 27 to any increases in the minimum wage. 28 (81,90,00,06,11,15)

B-12 MERIT PAY

The Association opposes merit pay in any form and by any name. (84,00)

B-13 CLEARANCES

The Association believes that all mandated criminal background clearances should be funded by government sources. (15)

The Association believes that all education

B-14 WORKERS COMPENSATION

2 employees who are injured in the workplace or 3 while performing their contractual duties should 4 maintain all legal and contractual rights and 5 benefits until medically cleared to return to work. 6 Furthermore, the Association believes that all 7 education employees shall be informed of the available entitlements under workers 8 9 compensation insurance as required by law. (07)

B-15 HEALTH CARE

The Association believes that a comprehensive health insurance program must be an essential part of the total compensation for all education employees. Each local association should actively participate in any negotiations between the employer and health care providers or third-party insurers. (85,91,97)

B-16 EXTENSION OF BENEFIT

The Association believes that all spousal benefits should be fully extended to all domestic partners. (13)

B-17 STATEWIDE HEALTH CARE PLAN

The Association supports a voluntary statewide 2 health care plan for all active and retired public 3 school employees consisting of medical, 4 prescription, dental and vision coverage that is 5 identical or better than benefits provided in existing 6 collective bargaining agreements and/or retirement 7 plans; that is fully funded by the state and local 8 school entities; and has local Trusts/Consortia 9 including Taft/Hartley Trusts as part of the delivery system. (07,15) 10

B-18 STRIKES IN SCHOOL ENTITIES

The Association believes that the right to strike is a fundamental right of all education employees which must be preserved by law. The Association further believes that a strike is an appropriate method of facilitating the resolution of an impasse. The Association believes that the method of

7 striking used by the local association shall be decided at the local level.

9 The Association believes that in the event of a 10 strike by employees of a school district, all 11 activities, including extracurricular and cocurricular,

12 should cease.

The Association believes that substitutes and personnel outside the bargaining unit should not

be used to take the place of bargaining unitmembers during a work stoppage. It further

believes that videos, computer programs and othertechnical devices should not be used to replace

any education employee during a strike.

The Association believes that strikebreaking is an unprofessional act which jeopardizes the

bargaining process, and therefore, strikebreakers

will be subject to member discipline.

The Association believes that vocational-technical and special education students should not be

26 returned to sending school districts during

vocational-technical or intermediate unit

association strikes.

The Association believes that no education

employees should be compelled to cross the picket

31 lines of bargaining units in other districts.

The Association believes that binding arbitration is

only acceptable when mutually agreed to by both parties in the negotiating process.

35 (80,86,90,94,96,97,00,07,08)

B-19 TENURE
1 The Association believes that all certificated
2 educators must be guaranteed the right to tenure
3 and opposes any attempt to seek detrimental
4 changes to that right. It further believes that no

- 5 professional employee may be demoted,
- 6 suspended, or dismissed without being afforded
- 7 full due process as guaranteed by law. (80,93)

SENIORITY: REDUCTION IN FORCE AND B-20 RECALL

- The Association believes that in the event of 1
- reduction in force, seniority within the area(s) of 2
- certification or job classification in the local school 3
- 4 entity should be the sole criterion in determining
- the order in which layoffs and demotions occur. 5
- The Association believes that all employees shall 6
- 7 have realignment and recall rights based solely on
- 8 seniority. (99,12)

B-21 JUST CAUSE

- The Association believes that all education
- 2 employees must be guaranteed Just Cause. It
- 3 further believes that no employee may be
- 4 demoted, suspended, or dismissed without being
- 5 afforded full due process. (97)

ETHICAL DISCIPLINARY PRACTICE

- The Association opposes any fabrication or
- exaggeration of allegations and/or evidence to 2
- 3 initiate or advance disciplinary action against an
- 4 employee. (19)

B-23 LEAVES OF ABSENCE

- The Association supports legislation designed to
- 2 (1) provide each education employee with at
- 3 least three days leave each year for personal
- 4 reasons without loss of pay, (2) provide for
- 5 transfer of all accumulated unused sick leave from
- 6 one district or institution to another. (3) provide that
- 7 sabbatical leave in the school code be considered
- 8 as minimum and allow for split sabbaticals, (4)
- provide childbearing and childcare leaves of 9
- sufficient length, and (5) provide that education 10
- employees have the right to a leave for cause 11 when such persons do not qualify for sabbatical 12
- leave. Education employees who receive leaves 13
- 14 shall retain their rights to their positions and
- seniority. Sick leave must be based proportionally 15
- on the number of days employed per year. 16
- 17 (80,89,96,97,20)

B-24 SABBATICAL LEAVES

- The Association believes that sabbatical leaves for 1
- professional employees are an important and 2
- 3 necessary means for improving and maintaining
- educational skills, experiences, and health. 4
- 5 The Association further believes sabbatical leaves
- 6 for study, travel, and health fulfill these goals; and
- 7 should be provided.
- 8 The Association believes that a local school board
- 9 must not impose any specific or minimum
- 10 requirements for sabbatical leaves. (96,97)

B-25 BEREAVEMENT LEAVE

- The Association believes that all education 1
- 2 employees are entitled to bereavement leave
- 3 without loss of pay. The Association also believes
- 4 that bereavement leave should be extended to
- 5 include death of an immediate family member or
- 6 near relative of a member of the employee's
- 7 household. (10)

B-26 MILITARY LEAVE

- The Association believes that all education
- 2 employees who serve in the military should
- 3 maintain all legal and contractual rights and
- 4 benefits, including insurance coverages and the
- 5 difference between their school district salary and
- 6 their military pay, while on active duty. (07,08)

RELEASED TIME FOR RELIGIOUS B-27 OBSERVANCE

- The Association believes that when a day of major
- 2 religious observance of an education employee
- 3 falls on a school day, released time, other than a
- personal day, should be granted for the purpose of 4
- 5 religious observance. (81,97)

B-28 DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

- The Association believes a defined benefit pension 1
- 2 plan must be maintained. The Association
- 3 opposes any effort to convert to a defined
- 4 contribution pension plan. The Association also
- 5 opposes the creation of a two-tiered retirement
- 6 benefit plan.

1

- 7 The Association further believes that all rights and
- benefits of retirees participating in Pennsylvania 8
- public employees' retirement systems must be 9
- 10 maintained and guaranteed.
- The Association opposes any efforts to reduce or 11
- eliminate existing retirement benefits for active and 12
- future participants in Pennsylvania public 13
- 14 employees' retirement systems, including, but not
- limited to, the 2.5 multiplier, lump sum withdrawal 15
- of employee contributions and interest, and the 16
- 17 Health Options Premium Assistance. (09,10,12)

B-29 HEALTH ASSISTANTS/HEALTH AIDES

- 1 The Association believes that it is the role of health assistants/health aides to assist certificated school 2
- 3 nurses to accomplish health-related tasks. Health
- 4 assistants/health aides should not replace and
- 5 must be directed by certificated school nurses.
- 6 Health assistants/health aides must not be asked
- 7 to perform the duties of certificated school nurses
- and must be provided with appropriate orientation 8
- 9 and training.
- 10 The Association vigorously opposes the use of any
- 11 unlicensed personnel to be included in the
- 12 administration of medication or other medical
- 13 services. (00)

Protection of the Members II.2

B-30 RETIREMENT

- The Association believes that public school 1 2 employees should have the option of full retirement 3 after 25 years of service at any age without 4
- 5 The Association also urges its local affiliates to 6 negotiate early retirement incentives in their local 7 school entities in order to secure benefits that
- 8 would make full retirement with 25 years of service 9 a viable option. Until this goal is met, the
- 10 Association should work to make the 30 and out retirement option permanent. 11
- The Association believes that benefits paid to 12 retired public school employees must automatically 13 increase annually in proportion to the cost of living 14
- 15 and recommends substantially increasing the supplemental state annuity minimum. The 16
- Association further recommends that any future 17 18 supplemental annuity reflect the actual cost of living and should include an additional graduated 19 increase for pre-ACT 9 retirees. The Association 20
- 21 also believes that future cost-of-living increases should be applicable to the beneficiaries of the 22 23 annuitants. The Association recommends
- 24 legislation which would allow vesting after five 25 years of service. The Association believes the 26 members of the retirement system should be
- 27 permitted to change the chosen retirement option at any time within one year after the original choice 28 29 of option. 30
- The Association recommends that members of the 31 retirement system be permitted to use all earned 32 sick leave accumulated prior to the effective date of retirement or to use such earned sick leave for 33 34 additional retirement credit, and to use any and all 35 income earned from a school entity for the 36 computation of retirement benefits.
- 37 The Association believes that paid family health 38 insurance should be provided for all retirees.
- 39 The Association believes that public school 40 employees should have the right to purchase private or Pennsylvania non-public school service 41
- 42 retirement credit in accordance with the existing 43 provisions for purchasing out-of-state service.
- 44 The Association supports safeguards for the retirement system that prevent misuse of assets 45 and guarantees full funding. 46
- 47 The Association believes that vocational-technical 48 educators should have the right to purchase 49 retirement credit for certain prior work experience
- 50 in their area of specialization.
- 51 The Association believes that school nurses should 52 have the right to purchase for retirement purposes
- 53 the one-year general nursing experience
- 54 prerequisite for certification.
- 55 The Association supports the elimination of 56 fractional years of credited service which have

- 57 resulted from a work stoppage by utilizing any days 58 worked beyond 180 in subsequent years to offset 59 lost days.
- The Association believes that age should not be a 60 factor in determining the continued employment of 61
- 62 public school employees.
- 63 The Association recommends that the office 64 practice of the Public-School Employees'
- 65 Retirement System be improved regularly to 66
- quarantee the most efficient and timely service to 67 all members. The Association believes the PSERS 68 Board of Trustees should have the right of access
- 69 to independent counsel.
- 70 The Association believes that an annual statement 71 of the status of experience of the retirement fund
- 72 should be prepared at the conclusion of each fiscal
- 73 year and made available upon request to any
- 74 member of the retirement system.
- 75 (80,81,82,83,86,87,88,90,94,97,98,09,17)

B-31 RETIREMENT SYSTEM FUNDING

- The Association supports safeguards that (1) 1
- 2 prevent any misuse of assets and (2) guarantee
- 3 full funding for the retirement system.
- 4 The Association believes the Commonwealth as 5 well as other contributors of the Public-School
- 6 Employees' Retirement System should be required
- 7 to submit payments on a current basis and that a
- 8 penalty and legal means should be used to ensure 9 compliance.
- 10 The Association believes that the employee
- contribution to the Public-School Employees' 11
- 12 Retirement System should never exceed the
- percentage paid by the employer or the state. 13
- The Association supports federal legislation 14
- 15 providing for the deduction of mandatory employee
- contributions from taxable income with the tax on 16
- 17 such contributions deferred until after retirement.
- 18 (98,02,05,07,09,17)

B-32 NONDISCRIMINATORY PERSONNEL **POLICIES/AFFIRMATIVE ACTION**

- The Association believes that personnel policies 1
- 2 and practices must guarantee that no person be 3 employed, retained, paid, dismissed, suspended,
- 4 demoted, transferred, or retired because of race,
- 5 color, national origin, religious beliefs, residence,
- 6 disability, political activities, professional 7 association activity, age, marital status, family
- relationship, gender, or sexual orientation. 8
- 9 The Association urges the development and
- implementation of affirmative action plans and 10 11 procedures that will encourage active recruitment
- 12 and employment of women, minorities, and men in
- 13 underrepresented education categories.
 - 14 (80,84,93,99)

B-33 CRIMINAL CHARGES

- The Association believes that if any employee has 1 2
 - been dismissed/suspended because of criminal

3 charges, the employee shall be reinstated to 4 his/her former position in the school entity upon 5 exoneration or dismissal of charges. The school 6 entity should compensate the employee for legal 7 expenses for school related charges, loss of pay, incidentals, benefits, and privileges as if 8 continuously employed. 9 The Association further believes that no employee 10 should be compelled to disclose any prior arrest for 11 12 any crime of which the employee has been acquitted, for which sufficient time has passed for 13 14 such records to be expunged, or for which charges 15 have been dismissed. (83,12)

B-34 EMPLOYEE PERSONAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS (EPAP)

The Association supports the establishment of 1 2 Employee Personal Assistance Programs (EPAP) 3 to provide assistance to employees in stressful situations. Procedures to implement an EPAP 4 5 should be established by cooperative efforts among the Association, the school entity, the 6 7 individual, and existing community services. 8 Information pertaining to persons utilizing EPAP 9 should be held in strictest confidence. (85)

B-35 DRUG TESTING

The Association is opposed to mandatory drug testing of its members. (87)

B-36 DRUG TESTING OF STUDENTS

The Association opposes requiring school
employees to perform or participate in student drug
testing. The Association believes that any school
employee required to perform such duties must be
absolved from all liability. (13,17)

B-37 HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV)/ACQUIRED IMMUNODEFICIENCY SYNDROME (AIDS)

The Association is opposed to mandatory screening of blood to detect the presence of HIV/AIDS antibodies. The Association supports the protection of the rights of those employees who have contracted HIV/AIDS and is opposed to discrimination against such employees. (86,87,95,96)

B-38 COMMUNICABLE DISEASE PREVENTION

The Association believes all school entities must 1 2 work with the Pennsylvania Department of Health 3 and Human Services to create a plan of action in 4 order to correctly clean, disinfect, and sanitize all 5 school facilities in a safe and protective manner. 6 Door handles, desktops, and other frequently 7 touched items must be disinfected and sanitized 8 on a daily basis by properly trained custodial staff 9 using medical grade disinfectant with medical 10 grade protective equipment. The Association also believes that school entities 11

12	must bear the responsibility for providing the
13	necessary training and equipment to keep all
14	staff safe when dealing with communicable
15	diseases. Contract language must be developed
16	that would provide hazard pay for all school
17	employees that continue to go into the workplace
18	during an epidemic/pandemic. Education
19	employees who are in compromised health or in a
20	high-risk group should be provided a temporary
21	leave that would not negatively impact their pay or
22	benefits.
23	The Association further believes that school

benefits.
The Association further believes that school
entities must supply hand sanitizer in the cafeteria,
all classrooms, and hallways. Additionally, school
entities should provide opportunities for and
instruction in proper hand washing for all staff and
students. (19)

B-39 PANDEMIC QUARANTINE AND HAZARD PAY The Association believes that any school district

2 employee guarantined because of an 3 administrative directive should receive full pay 4 without loss of benefits, including PSERS credit 5 and sick days. 6 The Association further believes that any 7 education support professional required by their 8 employer to work during a pandemic should be 9 compensated at an agreed upon hazard pay rate. 10 (20)

B-40 EMPLOYMENT DURING A PANDEMIC

The Association believes that education
employees should not be mandated to work under
unsafe conditions during a pandemic and must be
allowed to work remotely to the greatest degree
possible without loss of pay, position, benefits, or
seniority. Priority to remote positions should be
given to those in high risk or immunocompromised
groups. (20)

B-41 RESIDENCY REQUIREMENTS

The Association and its locals should work actively to combat attempts to include residency requirements as conditions of employment by negotiating non-residency clauses into local contracts. (81,95,02)

B-42 PROTECTION OF EDUCATION EMPLOYEES

The safety of all school employees must be guaranteed by procedures that eliminate from all schools firearms and other weapons carried by unauthorized persons. The Association insists upon the enactment and enforcement of laws and the development of policies and procedures to guarantee the safety of education employees from physical attacks on their persons or property. The Association believes any form of verbal, electronic, or written abuse of education employees is inappropriate. Therefore, guidelines

for dealing with verbal abuse must be developed

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

13 and appropriate action must be taken for all cases of abuse. 14 15 The Association further believes that all education employees should receive adequate 16 training in order to deal with any form of abuse as 17 well as physical assaults, and crisis management. 18 The Association believes that proper procedures. 19 based on medical and scientific research and 20

recommendations, must be adopted and enforced

to protect education employees from infectious

23 diseases in the school setting.

24 (81,87,93,95,97,99,02)

21

22

1

27

28

29

B-43 SCHOOL SECURITY

The Association strongly opposes the arming 2 of any education professional or education support 3 personnel. The Association believes that school 4 entities have a responsibility to hire trained security 5 personnel to perform all duties related to screening, search, and seizure of firearms, other 6 weapons, and contraband upon student or public 7 8 entry into a school building. 9 Furthermore, the Association believes that such duties present a potential hazard to the health and 10 11 well-being of students and education employees, and must not be required of anyone not specifically 12 13 hired and trained to perform these duties. (13,18)

B-44 HEALTHFUL SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT

The Association believes that the school

2 environment must be maintained to guarantee 3 optimal health of students and staff. The 4 Association also believes clean air, proper 5 ventilation, appropriate climate control within the 6 building, and clean water are essential to a 7 healthful learning environment. 8 The Association believes that students and staff must be protected from all potentially hazardous 9 substances. The Association urges that standards 10 and safeguards be established and programs for 11 12 the prevention and elimination of health hazards 13 be enacted by the appropriate school governing body after input from the local association. It 14 further urges its affiliates to support state and 15 federal legislation that would set health and safety 16 17 standards, provide for required inspections to 18 ensure that standards are met, and prescribe 19 penalties for noncompliance by school governing 20 bodies. The Association further believes that if contact with 21 22 hazardous materials is necessary to fulfill an education employee's responsibilities, the 23 employer must provide proper instruction in and 24 assistance with the identification, correct labeling, 25 26 proper storage, and safe disposal of potentially

hazardous substances. Material Safety Data

Sheets, MSDS, must be readily available.

(80,85,88,90,95,08)

B-45 PERSONNEL FILES

1 The Association insists that each education 2 employee must have immediate access to and 3 copies of all items in his/her personnel file (except 4 privileged communications related to his/her initial 5 employment) and shall have the right to attach a 6 written response to any item. A procedure shall be 7 established to remove inappropriate or unfounded 8 material from personnel files. A copy of any 9 evaluation report placed in the education 10 employee's file must be given to the employee. 11 The Association asserts that an education 12 employee may at any time review the contents of 13 his/her personnel file and receive copies of any 14 documents contained therein at his/her request. In 15 examining his/her file, an employee shall be entitled to be accompanied by an Association 16 17 representative or may authorize an Association 18 representative to examine his/her file in his/her behalf. An employee shall be notified in writing of 19 20 any document placed in his/her personnel file on the date of its placement with the right to annotate 21 22 such documents. All personnel files shall be kept in 23 one location and be available only to the 24 superintendent and the employee. 25 Every effort will be made to ensure that these 26 guarantees become a part of negotiated 27 agreements between local associations and school 28 entities. (81,95,07)

B-46 CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

The Association believes personal information given to any education employee by students in confidence should be legally privileged, except in circumstances where maintaining confidence may jeopardize the health, safety, or welfare of that student or any other individual. (80,97,11)

B-47 MEDICATION AND MEDICAL SERVICES IN SCHOOLS

The Association believes that it is the responsibility of the school district to have a written medication policy and to employ certificated school nurses to administer medication and to render medical services. While medication administration at school may facilitate the education of students, school personnel must be aware that medication must be administered only by licensed medical personnel. The physician, parent, legal guardian, or the emancipated minor are responsible for the medication, including the dosage and administration. A written medication policy shall be supplied to the school nurse, physician, parent, student and all other school personnel. The written medication policy must be included in the job description of the school nurse. Procedures for administration of medication and medical services are necessary and must provide that:

19 a. Only certificated school nurses be required to20 administer medication or provide medical services.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- 21 b. A physician's written verification of need for22 medication is required.
- 23 c. Written permission of the parent or guardian is24 required.
- d. The medication must be delivered to school by the
 parent or other responsible adult in the original
 container, properly labeled with name and strength
 of the medication, name of patient, name of
 physician, date of original prescription, and
 direction for usage.
- 31 e. The initial dose of medication shall not be32 given at school except in life-threatening situations.
- 33 f. Medication dispensed must be recorded on a
 34 medication log, which includes date, time, and
 35 identification of the person giving the medication.
- 36 g. Safe storage for medication must be provided.
- 37 h. The policy must permit the school nurse to
 38 refuse to administer medication based on
 39 medical judgment and protection of liability.
- The individual education plan (IEP) of the 40 i. special education student and the individual health 41 plan (IHP) of the protected challenged student 42 must provide for the administration of prescribed 43 medication by the certificated school nurse. 44 45 The Association supports legislation that would protect school personnel from all liability when the 46 47 adopted procedure is followed. In addition, school 48 personnel have the right to refuse without fear of 49 disciplinary repercussions to administer medication
- and/or medical services for which they believe theyare unqualified to administer or when proper
- 52 equipment has not been provided. Medical 53 personnel must be properly trained prior to
- 54 performing the medical services in question.
- 55 (80,84,99)

B-48 STAFF RESPONSIBILITIES/STUDENT USE OF TECHNOLOGY

- The Association believes that education
- employees must not be subject to discipline forstudent violations of any acceptable use policies
- student violations of any acceptable use poliincluding, but not limited to internet policies.
- 5 The Association further believes that education
- 6 employees must not be held responsible for
- 7 student owned electronic devices. (14)

B-49 COMPETENCY-BASED TEACHER EDUCATION

- The Association believes that teachers employ the most appropriate processes known for the
- 3 promotion of learning.
- The Association also believes competency-based programs for pre- and inservice teacher education
- 6 and teacher evaluation must be based on many
- factors, some of which the teacher cannot control.
- 8 It opposes models of teacher education that
 9 prescribe single, limited definitions of competence
- that reduce the process of teaching to mechanical,
- 11 nonprofessional acts, or that seek to measure
- teacher competence on the basis of student
- 13 achievement.

- 14 The Association believes that competency-based
- programs should not be implemented that do not
- 16 first provide for carefully controlled research and
- development to assure validity and reliability which indicate that such programs are an improvement
- over present programs. Teachers must be involved
- in such research and development. (81)

B-50 STANDARD APPLICATION FORMS

2

- 1 The Association believes that a standard
 - application form must relate only to the
- 3 professional certification and competence of the
- 4 individual. Employers must be prohibited from
- 5 inquiring into activities and beliefs not directly
- 6 related to professional responsibilities. (80,02)

B-51 TRANSFERS WITHIN AND BETWEEN ENTITIES

- The Association believes that when a group ofstudents is transferred between a school district
- and an intermediate unit or area vocational-
- 4 technical school, the education employee presently
- 5 employed with that group should be guaranteed
- 6 the option to retain the position in the sending
- 7 school in an area of certification or job
- 8 classification. In each case the education
- 9 employee's salary and fringe benefits should be
- maintained or increased as the situation warrants.
- The Association also supports the concept that it is the inherent prerogative of all education
- employees to exercise their rights of seniority and
- transfer within the school entity. (81,98,99)

B-52 THE ECONOMY

- 1 The Association is opposed to the imposition of
- any wage controls which freeze public employees
 in an inferior economic position, the elimination of
- in an inferior economic position, the eliminationprograms that guarantee social and economic
- 5 justice for the American people, and any anti-
- 6 inflation program that contemplates increasing
- 7 unemployment as a remedy. (81,86,90)

B-53 TAXATION OF BENEFITS

- 1 The Association opposes any effort to tax non-
- 2 salary benefits. (10)

B-54 TAX DEDUCTIONS FOR PROFESSIONAL EXPENSES

- 1 The Association believes that all education
- 2 employees must be recognized as professional
- 3 persons engaged continuously in professional
- 4 development and that professionally related
- 5 expenses must be uniformly deductible from gross
- 6 income in the computation of federal, state, and local income taxes. (81,04)

II.3 Privacy of its Members

B-55 ACCESS TO PERSONAL INFORMATION

- 1 The Association supports legislation that would
 - restrict access to personal information of all current

B-56 INVASION OF PRIVACY

- The Association believes that every individual has a right to privacy. The Association opposes
- indiscriminate or monitoring of citizens or groups or
 their communication by private and public agencies
- 5 including school authorities.
- 6 The Association condemns the use of personal
- 7 information gathered and stored and the exchange
- 8 of such information without explicit release from
- 9 the person or persons involved.
- 10 The Association believes that electronic
- 11 surveillance should not be used as a method of
- monitoring or evaluating job performance.
- 13 Furthermore, the Association believes that when in
- 14 operation all surveillance equipment should be
- clearly visible in order to maintain a reasonable
- 16 expectation of privacy. (98,06)

B-57 E-MAIL COMMUNICATIONS

- The Association believes that when school entities are archiving e-mail communications, Association
- members must be notified in writing and provided
- 4 access to those communications to which they are a party. (08)
- 5 a party. (06)

B-58 SOCIAL NETWORKING

- The Association recognizes the value of social
- 2 networking. Adequate training in social networking
- should be provided to all education employees.
 The Association believes that members must be
- The Association believes that members must be made aware of potential consequences related to
- 6 social networking. (10)

B-59 USE OF RECORDING DEVICES

- The Association believes that the recording of the
- work of any education employee by any meanswithout his/her permission for any purpose must be
- forbidden. The use of recordings for evaluation
- and/or rating purposes must be prohibited.
 The Association also believes that any electronic
- The Association also believes that any electronic surveillance of employees/students should be
- 8 viewable only by school employees in a
- o viewabie only by school employees in a
- 9 supervisory role or law enforcement officers in the
- performance of their duties. (85,96,12)

B-60 WORKPLACE ACCOMMODATIONS FOR LACTATING EMPLOYEES

- The Association believes that all employers must
- 2 provide lactating employees with appropriate
- 3 facilities that are safe, clean, and private to
- 4 express breast milk. Restrooms are not
- 5 appropriate for this purpose.
- 6 The Association also believes that employers must
- 7 provide time to express milk with the duration and
- frequency to be determined by the nursing mother.
- 9 (19)

II.4 Exclusivity of the Bargaining Unit

B-61 SUBSTITUTES FOR PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES

- The Association believes that when a professional
- employee is absent from their classroom or duty,
- 3 the school entity has the responsibility to fill that
- 4 professional's role with a qualified substitute.
- 5 School entities should provide their Local
- 6 Education Associations with a list of district-
- 7 approved, certified substitutes for all professional positions.
- 9 The Association also believes that certified
- 10 substitutes must be contacted in the absence of all
- certified professional employees, and educational
- entities should adopt policies to ensure that there is an adequate pool of substitutes to be contacted.
- 14 The Association believes that certified retired
- 15 school employees should be allowed to work as
- substitutes without any loss in retirement benefits.The Association opposes removing an employee
- from an assigned classroom or duty when qualified
- substitutes are not available. The association also
- 20 opposes disrupting other classes by increasing the
- 21 number of students in lieu of hiring a substitute.
- 22 The Association further believes that
- professionals should be permitted to designate
- 24 desired substitutes to serve in their absence.
- 25 (11,19, 21)

B-62 PART-TIME, SUBSTITUTE, AND UNEMPLOYED EDUCATORS

- 1 The Association believes that all certified
- 2 professional educators are a part of the teaching
- profession regardless of their employment status.
 All certified educators must be encouraged to
- 5 maintain membership in all unified professional
- 6 organizations.
- 7 The Association recommends that all substitute
- 8 teachers be encouraged to attend inservice
- 9 workshops and be compensated on a per diem
- basis. Part-time and summer school employees
- should be paid proportionate salaries and fringe
- benefits. Substitute employees should be paid at
- least a per diem rate based on the minimum salary
- of the school entity in which they are employed
- and receive proportionate fringe benefits.
- Substitute teachers who are employed for at least
- a semester should have the same legal and
- contractual rights and status as other professional
- employees in a bargaining unit. The Associationbelieves that long-term substitute teachers who
- 21 receive a satisfactory rating should be given
- 22 preference for teaching positions in the district.
- Substitutes should refrain from taking the place of
- bargaining unit members during a work stoppage.
- 25 (80,86,01,09,11)

SUBSTITUTE EDUCATION SUPPORT **PROFESSIONALS**

1 The Association believes that school entities 2 should maintain a list of qualified substitutes that 3 must be contacted in the absence of a permanent education support professional so that a full 4 5 educational support staff operates daily. The Association further believes that retired 6 7 education support professional employees 8 should be allowed to work as substitutes 9 without any reduction of retirement benefits. 10 The Association believes substitute education 11 support professionals should be encouraged to 12 attend school sponsored in-services and workshops and should be compensated on a per 13 diem basis. Pay rates should be consistent for all 14 substitutes within a job classification. Substitutes 15 should not take the place of bargaining unit 16 members. In the event of an absence, qualified 17 employees with lesser hours will have priority to fill 18 positions with a longer workday. The balance of 19 uncovered hours will be filled by the substitute. 20 21 Substitute education support professionals who are employed long-term for at least a semester 22 23 should have the same benefits as other support 24 personnel in the same job classification within the 25 bargaining unit. The Association further believes 26 that long-term substitutes who receive a 27 satisfactory rating should be given preference for

JOB SHARING

28

8

The Association believes that voluntary job sharing 1 2 has potential benefits in certain circumstances 3 provided that it is not used to eliminate permanent 4 full-time positions, and that proper safeguards, 5 procedures, and benefits are negotiated in the 6 local contract. (84)

permanent vacancies. (02,09,11,19, 21)

PRIVATIZATION/ OUTSOURCING/ **B-65** SUBCONTRACTING The Association opposes the privatization of 1

2 Pennsylvania public schools and the 3 subcontracting of any public-school program or 4 service. 5 The Association also opposes outsourcing, 6 sub-contracting or any attempt to replace, interfere 7 with, or perform the duties of public school

Furthermore, the Association believes that any 9 10 employee who performs work through a private

entity has a right to union representation, pension, 11 12

and negotiated benefits. (95,13)

INTERN CERTIFICATES

employees.

1 The Association opposes the Department of 2 Education's issuing intern certificates which bypass 3

established certification requirements. (86)

INTERMEDIATE UNITS B-67

The Association believes that Intermediate Units 1 2 should be utilized to provide specialized services to 3 meet the needs of local entities. However, these 4 services should not be used by local school entities 5 to replace existing school programs or staff. These 6 services shall not include legislative liaison or 7 negotiations support to participating districts. The Association believes that negotiated contracts 8 9 in these intermediate units should provide the same rights and privileges for education 10 employees as those available in the local school 11 12 districts. 13 The Association believes that candidates for 14 intermediate unit boards should be familiar with the

15 programs offered and that they should show

16 expressed interest in the education of the 17 exceptional child and/or career and technical

18 education. (80,89,97,09,11)

B-68 STUDENT ASSAULT OF SCHOOL EMPLOYEES

The Association believes that school employees 1 2 who have been assaulted by a student shall not be 3 required to be in a position to teach or directly supervise their attacker. The student's schedule 4 5 and/or placement shall be modified to avoid such 6 conditions. School employees shall not lose any 7 salary or benefits because of an injury resulting 8 from an assault by a student in the performance of 9 their duties. The Association also believes that 10 local associations should negotiate contract language to protect these employee rights. 11 12 The Association further believes that all assaults

committed on school employees shall 13

be reported to local law enforcement. (18) 14

B-69 DUAL ENROLLMENT

1 The Association believes that Dual Enrollment can 2 be beneficial to students but should not detract 3 from the secondary school experience or be used 4 to replace or reduce courses offered by the 5 student's home district. Students participating in 6 dual enrollment should only be taking college 7 courses that are beyond those offered at their 8 home school or in addition to a full roster of credits. 9 Dual enrollment programs must be collectively 10 bargained and must not subcontract bargaining 11 unit work. (16)

CONCURRENT LIVE AND SYNCHRONOUS B-70 VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION

The Association believes that student learning and educator effectiveness suffer when educators and students are required to participate in concurrent live and synchronous virtual instruction. The Association further believes that when a district implements a mix of instructional modalities, educators must have sufficient time,

8 training, and necessary technology in order to 9 effectively implement instruction, and the local

1

2

3

4

5

6

8 10 association must bargain to ensure resources are available. (21) 9 11 10 Representation in Process **II.5** 11 12 B-71 **PROFESSIONAL CONDITIONS** 13 The Association believes that to be an effective 1 14

2 educator each professional person must have 3

(1) the right to participate in determining and carrying out school policies, 4

(2) the right to adequate time to plan to teach 5 unhindered by nonprofessional duties, 6

7 (3) the right to paid released time to participate in 8 professional improvement through conventions, 9 conferences, workshops, inservice programs, and

10 study,

7

(4) the right to paid released time to present 11 testimony before local, state, or national bodies 12

which establish educational policy, and 13

(5) the right to paid released time to serve on local, 14

state, or national educational committees. (87) 15

EDUCATION SUPPORT PROFESSIONALS B-72 CONDITIONS

The Association believes that each education 1 2 support professional must have

(1) the right to participate in determining and

3 implementing school policies, 4

5 (2) the right to paid released time to

6 participate in in-service activities for skill upgrades,

(3) the right to paid released time for presentations

to advance the educational process and 8

(4) the right to paid released time to serve on local, 9

state, or national educational committees. (02) 10

B-73 SCHOOL FACILITIES, DESIGN, **CONSTRUCTION AND FUNCTION**

The Association believes that school facilities must 1 be conducive to teaching and learning. The 2

3 physical plant must allow for all educational needs.

4 The Association believes that all school facilities

5 must be well constructed, energy-efficient,

6 aesthetically pleasing, accessible, functional, and

7 adaptable to persons with disabilities.

8 The Association further believes all stakeholders 9 should share in making recommendations as to

10 design and function.

The Association believes sufficient funding must be 11

provided for the design, construction, 12

maintenance, and operation of all school facilities. 13

14 (01,07)

7

SCHOOL BOARDS B-74

The Association believes that local bargaining 2 units should have a non-voting representative on 3 local school boards.

4 The Association believes that the term of school

5 board members should remain at four years. 6 The Association believes that school board

members must be advocates for all children and be

unencumbered by partisan principles.

The Association believes that members of school boards and educational boards of trustees, as well

as candidates for each, should be held to the same

criminal background clearance requirements as

public-school employees. Any offense that would

bar a person from public school employment

15 should also prevent a person from serving on a 16 school board or as an educational trustee.

17 (81,87,07,12)

1

2

HIGHER EDUCATION FACULTIES AND B-75 PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES

The Association believes faculty members and 1 2 professional employees of institutions of higher

3 education should be represented on all pertinent 4 boards, committees, and commissions, dealing

5 with the concerns of their respective institutions.

6 Representatives of the Pennsylvania Higher

7 Education Association (PAHE) should be on the 8 State Board of Education, its council on higher

education, and advisory committees. (81,20) 9

APPOINTMENTS TO EDUCATIONAL B-76 POSITIONS

The Association believes that the goal of a quality education for all demands that the criteria for all

3 appointments in the field of education by the 4 governor, secretary of education, state board of

5 education, and boards of local school entities 6 should be based solely on significant

7 accomplishments in the educational community.

8 The Association requests that all such

9 appointments of education officials be made only

after screening and approval by a panel of 10 professional educators established by the state or 11

12 local association. The Association recognizes the policymaking powers of the state board of 13

14 education, intermediate unit boards, and local

boards of education. Such groups must recognize 15

16 the professional expertise of teachers and provide

17 for meet and discuss sessions on all educational 18 concerns of the Association members. All advisory

19 boards of the policymaking bodies must include

20 teacher representatives directly related to the

21 areas of concern. Representatives should be 22 chosen by the Association from those who are

23 members currently engaged in teaching and active

24 in their professional association. Local meet and

25 discuss units, as mandated by Act 195, must be recognized as a vehicle for members to bring 26

27 about educational changes at the local level.

28 (81,89,11)

B-77 STRATEGIC PLANNING

1 The Association supports strategic planning. All 2 school entity strategic planning committees must 3 be constituted with a majority of educators elected by the members of the bargaining unit and must 4

5 provide a variety of opportunities for the entire 6

education community to take part in the process.

7	(93,09)	17	associations or affiliates may be censured,
		18	suspended, or disaffiliated without a due process
B-78	SCHOOL ENTITY BUDGETS	19	hearing which shall include an appropriate
1	The Association believes that local association	20	appellate procedure. (80,81,12)
2	representatives should become involved at all		
3	levels of the budget preparation process.	<u>C-06</u>	<u>ETHICS</u>
4	The Association further believes that local	1	The Association believes in an enforceable code of
5	associations should become monitors of local	2	ethics solely within the internal structure of PSEA.
6	school entity budgets. (81)	3	All educators should be made aware of and
		4	understand the Code of Ethics.
<u>III. </u>	To Foster Professional Zeal	5	The Association believes that pre-service
		6	education instruction should include (1) a broad
C-01	PROFESSIONAL ZEAL	7	concept of ethics related to various professions, (2)
1	The Association believes that all education	8	an understanding of the Code of Ethics of the
2 3	employees should foster pride in their profession	9	Education Profession adopted by PSEA, (3) a
	through promoting a positive image and igniting	10	study of problems common to the teaching
4 5 6	zeal among members.	11	profession together with their implication for ethics.
5	The Association also believes that all members	12	The Association urges its affiliates and local
	must be made aware of the importance of	13	associations (1) not to include in any collective
7	actively participating in PSEA. (05,12,18)	14	bargaining agreement any provision requiring
		15	adherence to the code of ethics, (2) to resist efforts
<u>C-02</u>	MEMBER INPUT	16	to incorporate any provision of the code of ethics in
	The Association believes in the importance of the	17	individual teaching contracts or certification laws or
2	voice of each member and their opinions with	18	regulations, and (3) to otherwise avoid application
3	regard to issues, policies, and political actions that	19	of the code against their members outside of the
4	are integral to the success of public education. Any	20	Association's disciplinary procedures. PSEA will
5	statements of opinion expressed by a member	21	update local associations and affiliates as to the
6	shall be accepted, without judgment, and used	22	Association's approved procedure for local
7	only to promote the best interests of the	23	associations to initiate enforcement and adherence
8	Association and public education. (16)	24	to the code of ethics, constitution, bylaws, and
0.00	PROFESSIONAL AUTONOMY	25	policies of the profession as a means to address
<u>C-03</u>	PROFESSIONAL AUTONOMY	26	membership discipline problems. (80,81,90,13)
1	The Association believes that educational	0.07	PROFESCIONAL CTANDARRO AND
2	employees must govern themselves and must	<u>C-07</u>	PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS AND
3	establish and enforce standards of certification,	4	PRACTICES The Association believes that a prefereigned
4	practice, ethics, and competence. (81,11)	1	The Association believes that a professional
C 04	PROFESSIONAL REMEANOR	2	practice is any act in which an educator engages
<u>C-04</u>	PROFESSIONAL DEMEANOR The Association holioves advection ampleyees	3 4	while performing professional duties. It believes a
	The Association believes education employees		standard is any factor which enables an educator
2	shall maintain a professional demeanor with all	5	to practice. The Association believes the standards and
3	students. (08)	6 7	
COE	DDOEESSIONAL DIGHTS AND		practices of the teaching profession should be established by practicing teachers.
<u>C-05</u>	PROFESSIONAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES	8 9	The Association opposes any listing of professional
1	The Association believes that in order for members	10	standards and practices for use as an evaluation
2	of the education profession to practice effectively,	11	tool. (81,87)
3	competently, and securely, each local association	11	tool. (61,67)
4	should (1) inform the public and its_members about	C-08	PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS AND
5	the rights and responsibilities of education	<u>C-00</u>	PRACTICES COMMISSION
6	employees, (2) promote professional attitudes and	1	The Association believes that a legally constituted
7	understandings by interpreting and implementing	2	Professional Standards and Practices Commission
8	an enforceable code of ethics controlled by its	3	should be autonomous and have a majority
9	members, and (3) protect professional rights by	4	membership of practicing teachers. Standards and
10	providing a grievance process cooperatively	5	practices of the teaching profession should be
11	developed by members of the education	6	established by the Commission. PSEA members
12	profession and boards which provide for speedy	7	who serve on the commission must represent the
13	resolution of grievances.	8	philosophies and established positions of the
14	The Association shall work to ensure that no	9	Association.
15	member of the Association may be censured,	10	The Association believes the Commonwealth of
16	suspended or expelled and that none of its local	11	Poppeylyania must provide the peecesary funding

- 12 for the effective operation and staffing of the
- 13 **Professional Standards and Practices**
- 14 Commission. (80,87,88,90,91)

PEER ASSISTANCE C-09

- The Association recognizes that peer assistance 2 can be useful in maintaining and enhancing skills 3 and proficiencies of education employees. A peer 4 assistance program must be supportive in nature 5 and developed through the collective bargaining process. 6
- 7 The Association believes that the job security and 8 due process rights of all members involved in the 9 program must be protected. (98,08,19)

C-10 **PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION**

The Association believes that standards for entry 2 and practice for the profession should be based 3 upon relevant criteria and must be set by the 4 Professional Standards and Practices 5 Commission. This Commission, in the name of the 6 State, should issue certificates to those who meet 7 the standards set and revoke the certificates of 8 those who do not maintain standards.

9 The Association believes that professional 10 education programs must prepare professional 11 teachers who demonstrate competence in the art 12 and science of teaching.

13 The Association believes that teacher education 14 must be identified as a separate college or school 15 within higher education institutions.

16 The Association believes that Pennsylvania

17 colleges and universities must require labor history and teacher unionism in their teacher preparation 18 programs. The Association believes that education 19 20 preparation programs must incorporate instruction related to all relevant laws influencing education. 21

The Association supports the assignment of basic 22 education classroom teachers and pupil services 23

24 personnel as full members of NCATE and Department of Education Programs approval 25

26 teams. Prospective team members should be 27 provided with an effective training program by the 28

Association. (80,82,83,97,02,04,09,12)

C-11 **CERTIFICATION**

1 The Association believes that all professional 2 employees must be properly certificated. The use 3 of non-certificated personnel must be prohibited. The Association believes that all laws, regulations, 4 5 standards, guidelines, and basic education 6 circulars concerning certification must be uniformly 7 and promptly enforced by appropriate legal and professional bodies. 8 The Association believes that the professional 9

10 certification of all educators, as agreed to by the 11 profession, must be the minimum basis required of

12 all professional employees. The Association

13 believes that only persons with legal certificates should be employed in professional education 14

16 substitutes. Professional employees who are being 17 considered for furlough or who have been 18 furloughed should be granted a waiver of 19 certification upon request. Teachers in early 20 childhood education, adult education, extension 21 education, part-time, and substitute teaching 22 positions must meet the same professional 23 certification requirements as mandated by the 24 school code. Local associations should maintain a 25 certification data file of their members. 26 An emergency certificate should be granted only 27 for a position where the local association verifies 28 no certificated educator is available in the local 29 school entity. All educators in charter schools, 30 cyber-charter schools, and non-public schools

positions or be employed as daily and/or long-term

15

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

31 must meet and maintain all certification 32 requirements consistent with those set forth for 33 public school employees. The Association urges 34 teacher education institutions to assure that readily 35 accessible programs in all areas of certification be

offered throughout the state. (80,83,97,00,15) 36

CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION C-12 **CERTIFICATION**

The Association believes that beginning career and technical teachers should have the opportunity of learning teaching competencies through any recognized teacher education institution. Career and technical teachers should have the same rights as academic teachers to use inservice credits, including related experiences outside the classroom, to gain permanent certification. Special efforts should be made to recruit adequate numbers of qualified, certified career and technical education teachers of both sexes in each needed area of study and to provide qualified career and technical guidance counselors and administrators. The Association believes that the trade competencies of career and technical teachers are related to their trade experiences. It recommends that beginning teachers in trade and industrial education shall have two years of journeyman work experience after the completion of the appropriate number of years of apprenticeship training for a specified trade or industrial area and have satisfactorily completed their trade competency tests before beginning teaching duties. The Association believes that students enrolled in cooperative work experience programs in the various vocational fields should be supervised by

C-13 PER-DIEM EDUCATION EMPLOYEES

areas. (80,90,01,11,17)

1 The Association opposes the employment of per-2 diem education employees in lieu of hiring 3 contracted bargaining unit members. (14)

teachers certified in those specialized vocational

C-14 EVALUATION AND PROFESSIONAL GROWTH

The Association believes that all education 1 2 employees have a right to participate in the 3 evaluation of their service. Further, all education employee evaluations must be confidential and be 4 5 directed toward encouraging professional growth 6 and conducted by properly assigned and 7 certificated administrators or appropriate 8 supervisors. 9 The Association opposes student evaluations of 10 education employees. Furthermore, the Association opposes peer evaluation that would 11 12 allow an education employee to assume 13 supervisory status over another.

The Association opposes the monitoring and/or evaluation of any education employees in their

area of employment by anyone other than the appropriate evaluator. Administrators, in order to

maintain quality performance, should be evaluated on their effectiveness by their supervising

administrator based on a review of observation and practice. (81,82,84,93,94,02,16)

RATING OF PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES

C-15

The Association believes that the process of 1 2 selecting the professional employee publicly 3 affirms his/her competence, and the rating of 4 performance must begin with this assumption. A 5 state-mandated form for the rating of professional 6 employees exists. When utilizing the state-7 mandated form, local associations should establish 8 rigid standards for the use of that form. Should 9 local associations choose to negotiate an alternate rating system which meets the needs of their 10 constituent members, the rating should be only 11 12 "satisfactory" or "unsatisfactory." Local associations should monitor the use and 13 implementation of rating forms to ensure uniformity 14 and consistency. While there is legal authority to 15 establish and implement a rating system, the 16 17 legitimacy of any rating process must rest upon the demonstrated competence of the observer/rater. 18 19 The Association also believes standardized test 20 results should not be used to rate or evaluate the 21 performance of any professional employee or be 22 used to influence any employment action or 23 compensation. 24 The Association opposes the use of subjective 25 methods of rating professional performance for the

C-16 ACCOUNTABILITY

26

The Association believes that educators can be 1 2 held accountable only for that portion of the 3 teaching-learning process over which they have 4 complete control. Educator competence cannot be 5 evaluated on the basis of student achievement 6 because of the multiple economic, social, political, 7 psychological, and cultural factors and the 8 limitations of standardized achievement tests.

purpose of setting salaries. (80,81,82,16)

9 The Association also believes accountability is a 10 shared responsibility by all of the parties involved 11 in the educational community. Legislators, 12 executives, school boards, state commissions, 13 educators, practitioners, parents, and the students 14 all have responsibility for different aspects of the 15 educational system. It is not possible for an effective system of accountability to operate if any 16 17 of the parties do not meet their responsibilities. 18 The Association believes that performance 19 standards and assessments must not be used as a 20 basis for determining teacher accountability. 21 The Association further believes that there should 22 be no single or statewide accountability system. 23 The Association will resist any attempt to transform 24 assessment results into a national or state testing 25 program that would seek to measure all students, 26 teachers, or school systems by a single standard 27 and thereby impose upon them a single program rather than provide opportunities for multiple 28 29 programs and objectives. The Association believes that specific behavioral objectives should not be 30 31 used as course objectives, nor as a basis for

C-17 PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

32

1 The Association encourages the continuing 2 professional development of all educators, 3 including certificated substitutes. 4 The Association believes that educators must have 5 a majority voice in determining professional 6 development needs through Association 7 representation on appropriate committees. Educators must have released time to participate 8 in professional self-improvement programs. It must 9 10 be the responsibility of the school entity and the state to provide for and finance these programs. 11 12 The Association further believes that these 13 programs must not be required for continuous 14 employment. Professional development must 15 become a part of the local collective bargaining 16 agreement and/or the Act 48 plan/Chapter 14 17 Regulations. Furthermore, the Association believes 18 that retired educators should be exempt from Act 19 48 requirements to maintain their certification. 20 (80,82,83,93,99,01,02,04,19)

determining teacher accountability. (81,01,03,05)

C-18 CONTINUING EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF EDUCATION SUPPORT PROFESSIONALS

The Association encourages the continuing

2 educational development of all education support 3 professionals. 4 The Association believes that education support 5 professionals must have a voice in determining 6 educational development programs which will 7 benefit the school entity. Released time must be 8 granted for participation in such developmental 9 activities. It must be the responsibility of the 10 school entity and the state to finance accredited coursework, workshops or seminars. 11

- The Association further believes these programs
- must not be required for continuous employment
- 14 and must become a part of the local collective
- bargaining agreement. (01,03)

C-19 PROGRAM SPECIALIST CERTIFICATES

The Association opposes the misuse of program specialist certificates. Local associations should monitor the use of program specialist certificates and should bargain contract language so that legally certificated educators are not replaced, and

6 seniority rights are not circumvented. (85)

C-20 INSERVICE COURSES FOR CREDIT

The Association believes that all courses for 1 2 inservice credits beyond the baccalaureate degree 3 for academic teachers, including related 4 experiences outside the classroom, should be 5 credited towards requirements for an Instructional 6 II/Education Specialist II certificate, Master's 7 Equivalency certificate and/or Act 48. (80,82,96,01,02) 8

C-21 INDUCTION PROGRAM

The Association believes that the local 1 2 association must take an integral part in the 3 planning, writing, and implementation of the 4 teacher induction program. Mentors should be 5 selected from a voluntary pool of the 6 membership and should be given adequate 7 compensation and released time for their services. The induction program must include 8 9 the importance of belonging to and actively participating in PSEA. Local Associations 10 must be afforded an opportunity to meet with 11 12 new hires and present membership materials during new hire orientation and throughout the 13

induction process. (87,96,12,18)

C-22 MENTOR PROGRAMS

14

The Association believes that mentor programs are 2 a means of enhancing the professional expertise of 3 employees and retaining quality educators. The 4 Association also believes that the planning. 5 implementation, and evaluation of such programs 6 must be negotiated and maintained by the school 7 district and the local association. 8 The Association further believes that the duties and responsibilities of all parties must be clearly 9 defined and uniformly administered. Mentors must 10 be selected through a defined process with 11 articulated criteria, be properly educated, 12 compensated, and provided with adequate time to 13 fulfill their responsibilities. 14 The Association believes that any documentation 15 16 that results from the mentoring process must be 17 confidential and must not be included in the 18 participant's personnel file. The Association also 19 believes that any verbal conversations that result 20 from the mentoring process must also remain

21 confidential. (13)

C-23 STUDENT TEACHING

The Association believes that the student teaching 1 2 experience must be a practical application of the 3 teacher education program with statewide minimum standards. To promote the best 4 5 candidates, authentic field experience should 6 begin early in the teacher education program. 7 The Association also believes responsibility for the student teaching experience must be shared by 8 schools, teacher preparation institutions, and 9 10 professional associations, and include the 11 fundamentals of unionism and current issues 12 affecting education professionals.

The Association believes that student teachers shall have liability protection through PSEA membership and should be invited to participate in Local, Region, State, and National Association activities.

The Association believes that student teachers
must comply with all applicable laws and rules and
must be under the supervision of an Instructional II
certified professional employee. Student teachers
must not be used as substitute teachers.
The Association also believes certified professional
employees supervising student teachers should

employees supervising student teachers should receive a per diem rate based on a percentage of the previous year's average teacher salary in

Pennsylvania.

The Association further believes that no student teacher should be coerced to cross a picket line during a labor dispute and should be provided the opportunity to complete their student teaching through reassignment.

The Association believes that student teacher

observation, by means of media recording, shall
 only be used as a resource for the student teacher.
 The Association also believes that ownership of

any such recording resides solely with the student

38 teacher.

39 The Association further believes that any recording 40 may only be viewed by the student teacher, the 41 university liaison, and the supervising teacher 42 upon the receipt of appropriate permissions from all parties involved prior to the media recording. 43 44 The Association opposes the use of standardized 45 test score results as a means of evaluating student teachers and/or teacher training programs. 46

47 (80,84,86,88,90,95,12,14,15)

C-24 TEACHER CENTERS

The Association recognizes the need for the 1 establishment, organization, development, and 2 3 operation of teacher centers. The Association 4 believes that there should be at least one federally 5 funded center in each intermediate unit. 6 The Association supports the concept of teacher 7 centers to develop and produce curricula, utilize 8 research findings and provide training. The

9 Association, therefore, will work closely with the 10 U.S. and Pennsylvania Departments of Education 11 to (1) provide full funding, (2) assist in the use of evaluative criteria to judge grant applications, (3) 12 provide statewide service to all interested 13 education employees for professional 14 development, and (4) implement programs 15 designed to help inservice teachers to become 16 17 more effective in the educational process. 18 (81,84,92,04)

C-25 SITE-BASED DECISION MAKING

The Association believes in the value of site-based decision making to improve the quality of education and the work environment. Site-based decision making must be a problem-solving process which involves the voluntary participation of those affected. Employee rights related to site-based decision making must be established through the collective bargaining process. (91,18)

C-26 TEACHER PARAPROFESSIONALS

The Association believes that professionals should 2 be provided with paraprofessionals to accomplish 3 nonprofessional duties. Appropriate orientation and 4 training programs should be provided. 5 Paraprofessional staff must not be permitted to 6 perform the duties of professional employees. 7 The Association calls upon its local affiliates to 8 resist efforts by school boards to use employment 9 of such personnel to increase class size. The 10 assignment of such personnel to classroom duty should assure increased opportunities for the 11 teacher to know and to work with students. If it is 12 necessary to supplement pupil services with 13 14 paraprofessionals, local associations are urged to help in establishing guidelines for employment and 15 16 in placing these ancillary people under the direct supervision of a certified pupil personnel 17 worker. (81,83,84,85,97,04,14) 18

C-27 USE OF VOLUNTEERS

The Association recognizes the value of volunteers to enhance public education; however, the
Association vigorously opposes the use of volunteers to provide services that are traditionally performed by education employees in school entities. (14)

C-28 PARAPROFESSIONALS IN EXCEPTIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

The Association believes that paraprofessionals 1 should be required on a full-time basis in each 2 3 exceptional education class. The Association also 4 supports the utilization of paraprofessionals as a 5 vital nonteaching part of the instructional program 6 in the education of exceptional students in all 7 placement options, including remedial programs. Appropriate orientation and training programs 8 9 should be provided. (81,83,84,93,97,04)

C-29 COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICE PROVIDERS

The Association believes that the school entity

2 must provide inservice training for public school 3 employees regarding the role of community-based 4 service providers including, but not limited to 5 therapeutic support staff. The Association further believes that community-6 7 based service providers should not replace. perform, or interfere with the duties of public school 8 9 employees. (01,07)

C-30 SUPPLY AND DEMAND OF EDUCATORS

The Association believes that the Department of Education should make available current statistics of employed professional personnel and vacancies in relation to geographic and instructional areas. (80.82)

C-31 ADMINISTRATORS AND SUPERVISORS

The Association believes that appropriate 1 2 preparation programs should be established for all 3 educators in pupil services, supervision, and 4 administration. Such programs should supply the 5 basic and practical educational experience to 6 blend professional skills with the school setting. 7 Areas of instructional content and experience 8 should include participatory decision making, 9 interpersonal skills, personnel selection, staff 10 evaluation, curriculum, school management 11 techniques, and cultural diversity training. 12 Supervision of candidates should be the joint 13 responsibility of the certified school personnel and 14 the preparing institution. 15 The Association believes that prior to credentialing, all administrators shall have served at least five

16 years in a full-time teaching position and 17 periodically return to the classroom for authentic 18 teaching experiences. Areas of instructional 19 20 content and experience in the credentialing 21 process should include participatory decision making, interpersonal skills, personnel selection, 22 23 staff evaluation, curriculum, school management 24 techniques, and cultural diversity training. 25 Administrators must be legally certified. Uncertified 26 personnel shall not rate professional employees. 27 The Association believes that job descriptions of 28 administrators shall be available to all professional

29 2 employees and retirees must be enrolled as employees. 3 30 The Association and the Department of Education members. Non-practicing educators and former 4 31 should cooperate to develop relevant certification employees must be encouraged to maintain their 5 32 programs for supervisors and ban the use of membership. nonprescribed and noncertificated administrative 6 The Association also believes that all students 33 titles. A certified principal must be employed full 7 34 enrolled in a teacher preparation program must be 35 time for each 500 elementary school students. A 8 encouraged to join Student PSEA. certified assistant should be added when (80,84,97,11,13) 36 9 37 enrollment exceeds 700 students. (84,95,13) SUPPORT OF UNIONS C-36 The Association believes in strong unions. The **PUPIL PERSONNEL SERVICES** 2 The Association supports a comprehensive Association supports legislation that: 2 mandated program of pupil personnel services 3 a) Allows employees to form unions by signing 3 under the supervision and administration of the 4 cards that would authorize union representation; 4 Pennsylvania Department of Education with ratios 5 b) Provides for impasse resolutions; and 5 of not more than 1:250 for certified 6 c) Establishes penalties for violation of employee 6 counselors,1:750 for certified school nurses in 7 7 general school populations with adjustments to 8 The Association opposes any attempts to privatize 8 safely accommodate students with special health 9 state run entities such as, but not limited to, needs and chronic illnesses, 1:125 in student correctional facilities and wine and spirits stores. 9 10 populations with complex health care needs: 1:750 10 11 (09, 16)for certified home and school visitors, 1:250 for 11 C-37 social workers,1:500-700 for certified psychologists **RETIRING/RETIRED MEMBERS** 12 depending on the level of need within the student 13 The Association believes that retiring/retired population, and 1:1800 for certified dental 14 2 members should be encouraged to support and 3 hygienists in each school entity at all instructional participate in Association activities at state, region, 15 4 16 and local levels through membership in PSEA-5 17 The Association believes that career and technical Retired. (83,95,04) centers should be mandated to have a full-time 18 19 certificated school nurse on the premises. C-38 **USE OF PROFESSIONAL RESOURCES** 20 The Association believes that there should be The Association, in implementing programs, shall 21 separate certification for elementary and 2 stress effective and efficient use of its resources 22 secondary school counselors. Other supportive 3 and personnel. (80.95) services, i.e., attendance, occupational therapy, 23 TO ADVANCE EDUCATIONAL STANDARDS physical therapy and speech, visual and hearing IV. 24 25 services should be available to each student who has these special needs. (80,81,82,84,98,00,11) **Curriculum and Instruction** 26 IV.1 **HEALTH SERVICES EDUCATORS [TEACHERS] AND THE** C-33 D-01 **EDUCATIONAL PROCESS** The Association believes that any duplication of 2 health services involving federal and state health 1 The Association believes that the individual 3 programs is unnecessary and an inefficient use of 2 educator or teams of educators communicating 4 public monies. 3 directly with students have the most worthwhile 5

The Association believes that health services

6 provided by a school entity should not be billed to 7 any health insurance carrier through a third party. 8 School health personnel should decide when 9 examinations for the control of health-related

problems are necessary. (80,82,88,89,90) 10

STATE-OWNED, STATE-CONTROLLED, AND C-34 **PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS**

The Association believes that only certified/ 1 2 licensed education professionals should be 3 employed in educational programs within

4 institutions including, but not limited to hospitals

5 and prisons. (81,15)

ASSOCIATION MEMBERSHIP

The Association believes that all eligible education

4 and profound effects upon what and how students 5 learn. The planning of lessons, the defining of 6 specific learning objectives, the selection of 7 materials used to teach those lessons and the 8 techniques of evaluation should be at the 9 discretion of the individual educator. The Association regards endeavors by those 10 outside the classroom to dictate or establish 11 specific techniques, lesson formats, learning 12 objectives, teaching styles, evaluation techniques. 13 or materials as presumptuous. 14 15 The Association believes that there is no one 16 organizational system of schools, classes, or

17 teaching techniques that is best for all schools, 18 classes, or students. Educator who use different

19 techniques should not be forced to change their 20

styles for the sake of uniformity. The Association

21 opposes any action which seeks to evaluate the 22 competence of educators on the basis of student 23 achievement. (80,81,83,99,00, 21)

SPECIALIST TEACHERS D-02

The Association believes that all special subject 1 2 areas must be mandated for all levels of public 3 education, including special education, and must 4 be taught only by certified specialists in each 5 respective area. 6 The Association also opposes any plans to 7 weaken the curriculum requirements. The 8 Association believes a regular education teacher 9 should not be required to undertake the duties of 10 specialists, educational specialists, and/or itinerant teachers. In addition, specialists, education 11 specialists, and/or itinerants should not be required 12 13 to undertake the teaching duties of a regular education teacher. A substitute certified in the 14 respective subject area should be employed in the 15 event of the absence of a specialist teacher of any 16 level of education. 17 The Association further believes that the local 18 19 school entity must provide the additional professional and paraprofessional staff to 20 effectively meet the needs of all students. 21 22 Supportive services must be made available to 23 assist teachers in designing and implementing programs for all students. Preservice and inservice 24 25 education must be provided to facilitate the 26 implementation of these programs.

INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT TEACHERS D-03

The Association believes that the instructional 2 support teachers shall: have a proper teaching 3 certificate, have teaching experience, have 4 membership in the bargaining unit, and have 5 instructional support training. The instructional 6 support program shall have full necessary funding. 7 (93)

D-04 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

(81,92,97,02,03)

27

The Association believes that education 1 2 employees and students should own the 3 copyrights and patents to intellectual property 4 created in the course of their employment or 5 studies. Education employees and students should 6 have all the legal rights that come with such 7 The Association also believes that any intellectual 8 9 property created by education employees should not replace or serve as a substitute for the teacher 10 in the delivery of instruction. (12) 11

IMPROVEMENT OF CURRICULUM D-05

The Association believes that each school entity, in 2 shared responsibility with all educators and the 3 members of the community, including youth, must 4 continuously evaluate its curriculum keeping it ever

5 sensitive to the development of basic skills and to 6 the current and future needs of students. 7 The Association believes that all curriculum 8 development must be designed in collaboration 9 with the classroom teacher and should include concepts deemed important and/or appropriate by 10 practicing educators. Each school entity should 11 have a basic program of curriculum research and 12 development. At least one percent of each school 13 14 entity budget should be designated for curriculum and instructional improvement. 15 16 The Association further believes that any decisions 17 relating to the development and/or curtailment of 18 programs should be made with the direct 19 involvement of the profession and enforced by the 20 state department of education. Professional 21 employees involved in curriculum improvement 22 must be granted release time and/or be granted 23 supplemental contracts to do the study, research, 24 and planning to bring about needed improvements.

IMPROVEMENT OF INSTRUCTION D-06

(80,81,90,91,92,97,05)

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

1

8

21

The Association believes that educators through their local education association must take a primary role in designing, implementing, and assessing all instruction. The Association also believes that educators are best suited to develop and deliver appropriate instructional programs that are consistent with state curriculum standards. The Association further believes that direct observation of students and analysis of data by the educators who work with the student must guide instructional decisions without fear of reprisal. The Association believes that, while programs such as focusing on scripted learning or pacing charts can serve as viable frames of reference, it is still incumbent on the teachers who work with the student to evaluate the efficacy of all instructional programs and to modify them when necessary in order to address the needs and facilitate the success of each student. (80,84,92,96,97,98,99,07,21)

D-07 ENDORSEMENT OF EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS AND SERVICES

1 The role of the Association in the selection of 2 instructional materials should be to provide, upon 3 request, information concerning recommended 4 criteria, standards, and methods of selection of 5 instructional materials. (81,99)

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS D-08

2 provided to teach students with all exceptionalities 3 and from diverse representations of culture and 4 points of view to achieve the strategic planning 5 goals of each school entity. 6 The Association further believes that instructional 7 materials and equipment must be provided in

The Association believes that materials must be

sufficient variety and quantity to serve all students.

- 9 The Association urges its members and staff to
- serve as a resource to publishers in developing
- and/or selecting relevant materials for all students.
 - (81,92,95,04, 20)

12

D-09 SCHOOL LIBRARIES/MEDIA CENTERS

The Association believes that a comprehensive library/media program, shall include an integrated 2 3 instructional curriculum, printed and nonprinted 4 resource materials, and at least one librarian who holds a valid Pennsylvania Library/Media Specialist 5 6 teaching certificate. This program shall be provided 7 in each elementary and secondary building. 8 Students and classroom teachers must be 9 guaranteed continuous access to library media centers, library media specialists, and information 10 resources. (81,91,17) 11

D-10 TECHNOLOGICAL TEACHING TOOLS AND THE MEDIA

The Association believes that technology and media tools have great potential for assisting and improving classroom instruction and learning. The Association encourages the creative and innovative use of the media and new technologies to improve instruction.

The Association believes that all students must

7 The Association believes that all students must 8 become technologically literate from experiences in 9 all curricular areas.

The Association believes that these technologies should be utilized only when certificated educators are present to plan, review, monitor, and

supplement the instruction.The Association believes that terms and conditions

for the creation, ownership, and use of the media and technological tools must be included in local

school entity collective bargaining agreements.

The Association further believes that no reduction of positions, hours, or compensation should occur as a direct or indirect result of any technology.

21 (98,11)

D-11 STANDARDIZED TESTING

The Association believes that standardized assessments must only be used to identify students' educational needs and to improve curriculum.

The Association recognizes that reliable and valid standardized tests are only one way to assess a student's level of achievement. These tests shall not be used to compare the educational quality of one school entity or educator to another. No education employee shall be evaluated and/or compensated on the basis of standardized test results.

The Association believes that standardized test results must be provided to the local association immediately upon receipt by the school entity, and prior to the release to the general public. (14)

D-12 EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

The Association believes that each child should have the opportunity to participate in pre-kindergarten and/or day care programs having objectives designed for the age and needs of the children enrolled.

The Association believes that the responsibility for structured educational offerings should be

assigned to the Department of Education and
 through it to local school entities. Teachers

10 certified in early childhood education, together with 11 necessary paraprofessionals should be employed

to conduct such programs. The Association urgesthe use of state and federal funds in establishing

14 these programs.

The Association believes that each school entity be mandated to have a kindergarten program and

that each child be required to complete such a

program before being enrolled in first grade. No children shall enter kindergarten or first grade

unless they are five or six years of age as of

21 September 1, respectively. (80,89,04)

D-13 EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS (ELL) AND STUDENTS WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY (LEP)

The Association believes there should be English as a Second Language (ESL) and bilingual education according to educational need. The main goal of these programs should be to achieve

5 English proficiency, as well as provide support in content areas and other disciplines for English

7 Language Learners (ELL) and students with

8 Limited English Proficiency (LEP).

9 The Association believes that educators must be 10 involved in the development and implementation of 11 programs to ensure the successful pursuit of the

education of students, regardless of their native

13 language.

The Association believes that legislation must provide funds to support English as a Second

Language (ESL) and bilingual education programs

throughout all levels of the education system.

The Association further believes that certified ESL programs should be supported financially and

programs should be supported, financially and

ideologically, at the state and local levels.

21 (80,87,98,99,04)

D-14 TEACHING OF LITERACY

The Association believes all candidates for certification, as well as certified educators should be trained in research-based instructional strategies in the teaching of literacy. The Association strongly encourages the use and application of these strategies at all levels. (81,97,07,18,20)

D-15 SCIENCE EDUCATION

The Association believes that the content in science education must be based on scientific

3	theory that incorporates empirically collected	2	science education programs should be made
4	evidence and scientific methodology.	3	available to all students to prepare them to
5	The Association also believes that	4	manage the challenges of living and working in a
6	Pennsylvania science content and curriculum	5	diverse global society.
7	should coordinate with national science	6	The Association also believes that family and
8	standards. (06,17,18)	7	consumer science programs must be taught by
		8	properly certificated family and consumer science
D-16	ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION	9	teachers.
1	The Association believes that the nation's priorities	10	The Association further believes that these
2	must include the protection of our environment. It	11	programs should be developmentally appropriate,
3	urges the development and improvement of federal	12	culturally sensitive, and follow established
4	legislation, programs, and appropriations that	13	standards. (06,15,18)
5	provide education (a) for use, stewardship, and		
6	preservation of a viable environment; (b) to	<u>D-21</u>	DRIVER EDUCATION
7	minimize pollution; and (c) to promote an	1	The Association urges that a comprehensive driver
8	understanding of the effect of climate change	2	education program, K-12, be established in each
9	and population increase. The Association urges its	3	school district.
10	locals to support appropriate programs in their	4	The Association insists that only properly
11	school systems for grades K through adult	5	certificated teachers of driver education be
12	education. (81,21)	6	employed to conduct driver education programs.
D 47	THE METRIC OVOTEM	7	The Association opposes the practice of school
D-17	THE METRIC SYSTEM	8	districts contracting with private firms for the
	The Association advocates the International	9	services of non-certificated instructors for simulator
2	System of Units (SI metric system) be taught at all	10	or on-the-road training. (81,10)
3	educational levels. (81,01)	D 22	FINANCIAL LITERACY
D-18	COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL HEALTH	D-22	The Association believes that financial literacy is
<u>D-10</u>	EDUCATION PROGRAM	2	
1	The Association believes that health, physical	3	an essential cornerstone of creating fiscally responsible citizens and financial education should
1	education, family and consumer science teachers,	4	be made available to all students. (15)
3	certificated school nurses, counselors, dental	7	be made available to all students. (10)
4	hygienists, psychologists, social workers, home	D-23	CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION
5	and school visitors, and other pertinent support	1	The Association believes that school entities
6	professionals be directly involved at the state and	2	should collaborate with business and industry to
7	local levels in the development and implementation	3	prepare students for career and technical
8	of a comprehensive program of health instruction	4	occupations.
9	to address students' physical, mental, and social	5	The Association also believes that local community
10	well-being (81,88,93,95,97,04,07,16)	6	advisory committees for career and technical
		7	education should include teachers, support
D-19	WORLD LANGUAGES EDUCATION	8	personnel administrators, students, and community
1	The Association supports academic standards on a	9	representatives to coordinate the planning and
2	state level for world languages.	10	development of policies and programs. Education
3	The Association believes that world language	11	that ensures the opportunity for occupational
4	programs:	12	development and encourages students to consider
5	a) are a vital part of the pre-K through higher	13	career and technical programs should be available
6	educational experience;	14	for and promoted to all students at all levels.
7	b) should include age-appropriate	15	Career and technical education should be
8	communicative activities;	16	coordinated and integrated with traditional
9	 c) allow students to be more competitive in the 	17	academic courses and should promote a
10	global marketplace; and	18	comprehensive program for the training,
11	d) lead to an understanding of cultural	19	advancement, and promotion of all students.
12	differences.	20	(80,84,00,16,18)
13	The Association recognizes the need for		
14	preparation programs for world language teachers	D-24	EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS FOR SCHOOL
15	and supports teacher and student exchange		AGE PARENTS
16	programs. (08)	1	The Association believes that the education of
		2	school age parents should not be interrupted and
<u>D-20</u>	FAMILY AND CONSUMER SCIENCE	3	that it is the responsibility of local school boards to
4	EDUCATION	4	ensure that appropriate flexible educational
1	The Association believes that family and consumer	5	programs are provided. (81,84)

5 should have input in the development of the 6 HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION COMPETENCY Individualized Education Program (IEP), must have 1 The Association opposes state-mandated 7 access to the IEP, and must share in the 2 graduation assessments. The Association believes 8 implementation of the IEP. Prior to implementation, 3 that graduation standards, when determined to be 9 all necessary education materials, professional appropriate, should be designed by individual development, and supportive services must be 4 10 5 school entities. (09) provided. All impacted staff members must have 11 an appeal procedure regarding the implementation 12 **COMMUNITY EDUCATION** of the IEP, especially in terms of student **D-26** 13 The Association encourages utilization of school placement. The procedure must include the right to 1 14 have the dissenting opinion recorded and attached 2 facilities for additional services to children and the 15 3 to the IEP. Safeguards must be provided to assure community outside the regular school day, week, 16 4 17 that the Individualized Education Plans will not be 5 The Association urges its locals to become 18 used in the evaluation or rating process of any 6 involved in the promotion, expansion, and 19 school employee or related service provider. 7 implementation of community education programs 20 Release time must be provided for IEP in-service and provide leadership to deal with community 21 education, for writing and maintenance of IEP's, 8 22 and for conference time. The teacher-pupil ratio 9 concerns. (81,95) 23 must be adjusted to take into consideration the 24 additional time and work necessary to write and IV.2 **Educational Environment** 25 implement IEP's. The Association also believes D-27 **EDUCATIONAL LEGISLATION** that its members must continually monitor the 26 27 impact of the IEP process on contract provisions The Association believes that professional 2 educators must be involved in the development 28 such as preparation time, workday, release time, 3 and implementation of legislation, regulations, and other working conditions. Close monitoring of 29 4 standards and guidelines that define educational 30 all funds for the development and maintenance of 5 policies, and such development and 31 IEP's is essential. (97,98,09) 6 implementation must rely on the expertise of the 7 Association and its members. (80,01,15) **D-30** STANDARDIZED HEALTH RECORDS 1 The Association supports the use of a LEAST RESTRICTIVE 2 standardized health record that provides complete **D-28 ENVIRONMENT/INCLUSION** 3 and accurate immunization and other vital health The Association believes the prime consideration 4 information for each child. (80,83,86,97) 1 in the placement of all students should be the 2 3 welfare of each student. The Association opposes **CLASS SIZE FOR REGULAR EDUCATION** D-31 4 the exclusive use of any full inclusion model. **STUDENTS** 5 Given the full continuum of placement options, The Association believes that class size 1 2 6 care must be taken to ensure that no students are maximums should be established based on the adversely affected by the placement of any 3 7 needs of students, subject area content, individual student. Any decision concerning the physical facilities, and other criteria deemed 8 4 placement of a student with exceptionalities must important. Weighted class size formulas -9 5 be a majority opinion of those participating in the should be implemented to reflect the inclusion 10 6 11 Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) and/or 504 7 of exceptional students. The Association 12 Plan team meeting. Furthermore, the education 8 believes that class size maximums must be professionals associated with IEP and 504 Plan 9 established through the bargaining process. 13 The Association further believes that class size 14 decisions should be fully informed of necessary 10 15 accommodations in a timely fashion and provided 11 should not increase as a result of a school 16 with appropriate training as necessary. 12 entity's attempt to reduce the number of The Association believes that adequate teaching positions through reduction in force, 17 13 safeguards must be provided for the classroom attrition, and/or lack of substitute teachers. 18 14 teacher to ensure that a proper classroom The Association also believes existing rules 19 15 atmosphere be maintained at all times. 20 16 and regulations concerning reductions of staff 21 (80,89,94,12)17 and programs must be enforced. (04,19,20) **D-29** INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION D-32 **CLASS SIZE FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION** ACT **STUDENTS** 1 The Association agrees with the intent of the 1 The Association believes that class size 2 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. All 2 maximums should be established based on the 3 school employees and related service providers 3 needs of students, subject area content, physical

4

facilities, and other criteria as deemed important to

4

who work with the student with special needs

5	the IEP team. The Association believes the	nat class	65	i. Autistic Support 6	
6	size maximums should be established thi		66	j. Multiple Disabilities Support 6	
7	bargaining process.	ough the	67	Caseload for services to students included in the	
8	The Association further believes that clas	s size	68	regular education classroom should be capped at	
9	should not increase as the result of a sch		69	a ratio of 1 special education teacher per 12	
10			70		
	entity's attempt to reduce the number of t	-		students. Caseload for early intervention	اہ ا
11	positions through reduction in force and/o		71	occupational, physical, and speech therapy, shoul	IG
12	The Association also believes existing rul		72	be limited to 40 students.	
13	regulations concerning reductions of staff	and	73	The Association believes class sizes, the number	
14	programs must be enforced.		74	of students receiving special education services in	1
15	The Association further believes in the fo		75	a room at any one time, should be capped at:	
16	special education caseloads and class size	ze	76	a. Gifted Support 20	
17	maximums:		77	b. Learning Support 10	
18	Caseloads, the number of students on a		78	c. Life Skills Support 8	
19	roster, shall be determined on the basis of		79	d. Emotional Support 8	
20	maximums allowed and the amount of tin		80	e. Deaf/Hearing Impaired Support 8	
21	required to fulfill the specific individualize		81	f. Blind/Visually Impaired Support 8	
22	programs. However, caseloads shall not		82	g. Physical Support 5	
23	the established maximums. The duties as	ssumed	83	h. Autistic Support 5	
24	as a part of caseload include:		84	 Multiple Disabilities Support 	
25	Consulting with regular class teachers of		85	j. Speech and Language Support 4	
26	exceptional students;		86	The Association believes that deviation by less	
27	Observing exceptional students;		87	than 25 percent at any one time in any one class i	is
28	Assisting in teaching exceptional students	S	88	permitted as long as overall compliance throughout	
29	regardless of service delivery location;		89	the year deviates by no more than ten percent.	
30	Assisting in the MDT evaluation;		90	Deviation must require a written request for a	
31	Participating as a member of the IEP tear	n.	91	waiver justified on educational grounds with notice	Э
32	Individual caseloads shall be determined		92	to affected parents and teachers noting their right	
33	accumulated time allowed for providing the		93	to respond to PDE prior to any decision on waiver	
34	education services and programs specific		94	The Association further believes that	•
35	IEPs of students with exceptionalities. In		95	paraprofessionals must be mandated for all	
36	consideration of time available, a teacher	's	96	inclusion and special education classes.	
37	caseload shall allow for necessary travel		97	(81,82,00,01)	
38	between service delivery locations. For		0.	(01,02,00,01)	
39	supplemental levels of intervention, in an	V	D-33	SOCIAL PROMOTION	
40	location other than the regular classroom		1	The Association urges the total school community	,
41	Association believes caseload maximums		2	to end the abuse of social promotion and to work	
42	be capped at:	Soliodia	3	toward the development of appropriate programs	
43		65	4	to ensure the proper placement and education of	
44		40	5	all students. (09)	
45		20	3	all stadents. (65)	
46	0 11	15	D-34	SAFETY IN SCHOOLS	
47		15	1	The Association believes that a primary	
48		15	2	responsibility of school districts is to provide for th	
49		15	3	safety of all students and staff. Policies should be	
50		15	4	developed, with staff input, that require volunteers	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10			,
51 52			5	and outside agencies to obtain appropriate	
52	, ,	10	6	clearances for the roles and positions they fill that	
53	For replacement levels of intervention,		7	are comparable to those required by school	
54 55	location other than the regular classroo		8	employees.	
55	Association believes caseloads maximu	ums	9	The Association further believes that school	
56	should be capped at:	0	10	districts provide volunteers and outside agencies	_1
57		8	11	with the information necessary to obtain mandated	u
58	• •	20	12	clearances. (13,15)	
59	•	15			
60		12			
61	• •	10			
62	f. Deaf/Hearing Impaired Support	8			
63	g. Blind/Visually Impaired Support	8			
64	h. Physical Support	8			

SCHOOL VIOLENCE 6 education system. The Association also believes D-35 The Association supports efforts to identify causes 7 that every school entity should provide voluntary 2 of school violence at all levels. The Association 8 counseling services and programs that are staffed 3 further supports the planning and implementation 9 by personnel trained to address issues related to of activities to prevent and/or eliminate violence in sexual orientation or gender identity. (16,20) 4 10 5 schools. 6 The Association supports educational programs D-39 **EXTRA DUTIES** 7 that emphasize gun safety and increased The Association believes that the quality and awareness of the need to keep firearms secured. 2 8 continuity of instruction of all students should be a 3 The Association believes that all school entities priority. Therefore, educators should not be 9 4 mandated to perform non-instructional duties or 10 must have an emergency plan that can be implemented should a violent act occur. 5 class coverages during instruction and instructional 11 12 The Association believes that all public-school 6 preparation time. All efforts should be made 13 personnel must be educated in effective options to 7 through the collective Bargaining process to utilize when faced with a violent or potentially 8 safeguard these needs. (86,20) 14 15 violent situation. The Association believes that the public must be **CELL PHONES/PERSONAL COMMUNICATION** 16 D-40 **DEVICES** informed about the issue of violence in local school 17 entities. The Association believes every community The Association believes that schools should 18 1 must support local school boards in developing 2 develop staff and student guidelines for the 19 3 and implementing alternative programs, providing appropriate use of cell phones and personal 20 facilities and appropriate personnel, reducing class 4 communication devices during the school day. 21 5 Such guidelines should be age-appropriate and 22 size in order to promote a healthy climate for the 23 educational process and to reduce the potential for 6 promote respect for privacy, intellectual integrity, 7 and a positive learning environment. (10) 24 violence in the schools. 25 The Association believes all school entities should 26 utilize educational employees' input to create clear, **D-41 CONSERVATION** 1 27 enforceable discipline codes. The Association supports a serious and continuing 2 28 (80,84,86,98,99,01,13) societal commitment to the conservation of 3 SUBSTANCE ABUSE/CHEMICAL 4 The Association encourages recycling. It also **D-36** 5 advocates the use of recyclable, biodegradable, **DEPENDENCY** The Association encourages local school entities to 6 and/or disposable materials which are not 1 establish drug education programs at the primary, 7 environmentally damaging. 2 3 intermediate, secondary, and college levels. 8 The Association urges that school officials and 4 The Association also encourages the appropriate 9 resource management officials develop energy 5 training of educational professionals to recognize 10 distribution plans that would ensure uninterrupted chemical dependent and at-risk students. 6 11 operation. The Association further advocates the use of The Association believes the provisions for school 7 12 intervention and rehabilitation programs to develop 13 construction should be amended to require the 8 9 and maintain a dependency-free life. (90,97,15) 14 incorporation of ecologically conservative climate 15 control systems. (80,90,97) **D-37 FLUORIDATION** The Association supports community water D-42 ATHLETIC PROGRAMS 2 fluoridation, school water fluoridators and fluoride 1 The Association believes that every student, 3 supplements as safe and effective procedures for 2 regardless of gender, should be given an equal 3 4 reducing the incidence of dental cavities. It further opportunity to participate in intramural and/or 4 5 supports education of the public and other health interscholastic sports. The Association urges that 5 6 professionals concerning the importance of the use athletic funds for facilities, equipment, and and benefits of fluoride supplements, including 6 remuneration of staff be equally allocated between 7 school-based topical fluoride treatments and 7 female and male programs. 8 fluoride mouth rinse and tablet programs. (85) The Association urges local school entities to 9 8 9 promote healthful attitudes and practices in all **SEXUAL ORIENTATION, GENDER** athletic programs. The Association believes the **D-38** 10 **IDENTIFICATION, AND GENDER EXPRESSION** 11 Pennsylvania Interscholastic Athletic Association 1 The Association believes that all persons, 12 (PIAA) must be accountable to the State Board of 2 regardless of sexual orientation, gender 13 Education, but the PIAA should continue to 3 identification, or gender expression should be 14 coordinate and direct interscholastic athletics 4 afforded equal opportunity and guaranteed a 15 within State Board of Education policies.

16

The Association opposes any "pay for play"

safe and inclusive environment within the public

17	program that does not incorporate provisions for	5	students must have the required vaccinations in
18	economically disadvantaged participants.	6	order to attend school.
19	(81,91,11)	7	The Association recognizes that students may be
		8	exempted from these vaccinations only for
D-43	PERFORMING AND VISUAL ARTS EDUCATION	9	religious or documented medical reasons. (15,20)
	(NEW)		3
1	The Association believes that artistic	E-05	PSYCHOLOGICAL SERVICES
	expression to an individual's intellectual,	1	The services of a psychologist should be available
2 3 4	aesthetic, and social-emotional development.	2	for psychological evaluations of students and for
4		3	consultations with parents and teachers of children
4	Furthermore, the visual and performing arts		
5 6	transcend cultural barriers, foster	4	with adjustment difficulties. (16,21)
6	multicultural understanding, and promote		
7	critical thinking skills.	E-06	CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT
8	The Association also believes that pre-K	1	The Association believes that all children must be
9	through 12 curricula must include a balanced,	2	protected from physical abuse, emotional abuse,
10	comprehensive, and sequential program of	3	sexual abuse, and neglect committed by adults or
11	visual and performing arts discipline. All	4	children. Policies must be adopted to end abuse
12	performing and visual arts education must be	5	and neglect in all school programs.
13	held in a facility or room designed for that	6	The Association also believes that education
14	purpose. Resources must be sufficient to	7	employees must be informed of their legal rights
15	maintain and upgrade materials and to provide	8	and responsibilities related to reporting suspected
16	for emerging technologies. (21)	9	cases of child abuse and neglect.
. •	ior omerging toomrelegioer (217	10	The Association further believes that districts
V.	TO PROMOTE A POSITIVE EDUCATIONAL	11	should provide on-going professional development
٧.	ENVIRONMENT THAT ADDRESSES THE	12	on the topic of child abuse.
	NEEDS OF THE WHOLE STUDENT	13	
	NEEDS OF THE WHOLE STUDENT	13	(80,81,85,93,95,02,14,15)
V/ 4	Licelth and Malfore	E 07	COCIAL AND EMOTIONAL LEADNING
<u>V.1</u>	Health and Welfare	E-07	SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL LEARNING
		1	The Association believes that students must learn
E-01	NATIONAL HEALTH CARE	2	the social-emotional skills of self-awareness, self-
1	The Association believes that access to an	3	management, social awareness, decision-making,
2 3 4	affordable comprehensive, national health care	4	and relationship management.
3	program is a right of every citizen.	5	The Association supports the utilization of
4	The Association also believes that any national	6	evidence-based instructional methods and
5	health care program should allow citizens the	7	adequate professional staffing including, but not
6	option to maintain their current health care plan.	8	limited to school counselors, social workers,
7	(91,95,09)	9	mental health workers, nurses, and psychologists
	(- ,,,	10	to provide services designed to develop and
E-02	STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES	11	promote healthy social and emotional skills. (19)
1	Health service programs for school-age students		promote meaning occide and emercinal citille. (10)
2	should be effectively and efficiently coordinated by	E-08	SCHOOL BUS SAFETY
3	properly certificated personnel within the existing	1	The Association believes that school bus safety
_		-	
4	school health programs. The school district shall	2	must be a top priority for all school districts. The
5	be reimbursed for these services. (16)	3	Association also believes overcrowding of school
		4	buses represents a danger to all students and that
E-03	NUTRITION	5	seating must not exceed two students per seat at
1	The Association believes that proper nutrition is	6	all grade levels.
2	essential to student success. School food service	7	The Association further believes that all school
3	programs should be supported by public funds and	8	buses should be equipped with safety restraint
4	shall be nutritionally balanced, appealing, and	9	systems for all passengers. (19)
5	affordable.		
6	The Association further believes that only	E-09	LOCKDOWN DRILLS
7	nutritionally wholesome foods should be available	1	The Association believes that lockdown drills must
8	for students at school. (90,13)	2	not be the only options to address school
J	ioi stadenta at sonooi. (30, 10)	3	emergencies.
E 04	STUDENT VACCINATIONS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
E-04	STUDENT VACCINATIONS The Association believes that vessinations are	4	The Association further believes that school
1	The Association believes that vaccinations are	5	entities that plan to use lockdown drill procedures
2	necessary to control and eradicate infectious	6	must adopt a comprehensive plan that includes
3	diseases.	7	school violence prevention programs, threat
4	The Association further believes that all	8	assessment, and access to mental health

V.2 Educational Content

STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES E-10

The Association believes that basic student rights 2 include the right to free inquiry and expression; the 3 right to freedom of association; the right to 4 freedom of peaceful assembly and petition; the 5 right to participate in the governance of the school, 6 college, and university; the right to freedom from 7 discrimination; the right to freedom from 8 commercial exploitation; and the right to equal 9 educational opportunity. 10 The Association also believes students have the 11 right to learn without bias, and free from 12 academic tracking based on socioeconomic status. 13 ethnicity, English language proficiency, race, 14 gender, gender identity, and/or special needs. 15 The Association further believes that [each of 16 these] student rights [carries] carry [with it a 17 comparable responsibility] responsibilities. 18 Student responsibilities include regular school 19 attendance, conscientious effort in classroom work, 20 and conformance to school rules and regulations. 21 No student has the right to interfere with the 22 education of other students. It is the responsibility 23 of each student to respect the rights of everyone 24 involved in the educational process. Students have 25 the responsibility to cooperate with all education 26 employees in developing a climate within the 27 school that is conducive to learning. (80,84,98,10,

CHARTER SCHOOLS/CYBER-CHARTER E-11 **SCHOOLS**

The Association believes that any charter/cybercharter school proposal must directly involve public school employees in the design, implementation, and governance of these schools and programs. Charter/cvber-charter schools must not divert current funds from any public-school programs. Procedures must be in place to adequately safeguard: local association contracts and other employment provisions for all employees; nondiscriminatory and equal educational opportunities; staffing and financial responsibilities; compliance with laws, regulations and standards that govern public schools.

14 The Association believes that all public-school 15 students, including charter/cyber-charter school students, must be required to meet the same proficiency requirements on the same state-

18 mandated assessments.

19 The Association also believes that any scores from 20 mandated tests should be attributed only to that

21 charter or cyber-charter school in which the

22 student is enrolled.

28

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

13

16

17

12,20,21)

23 The Association further believes that charters 24

should be granted for a limited period of time and

should serve as labs for field testing and curricular

26 innovations. Renewal of charters should be 27 contingent upon achievement of objectives,

28 missions, goals, and standards required by the

29 Department of Education.

25

30 The Association believes that charters should be monitored on a continuing basis and be subject to

31 32 modification or revocation at any time if the

33 students' or the public's interest is at stake.

34 The Association also believes that charter/cyber-

35 charter schools must provide equal access to all

36 students with exceptionalities.

37 The Association believes that legislation pertaining

38 to employment qualifications and evaluations

39 should be uniform for employees of public and

40 charter/cyber-charter schools.

(95,02,07,10,11,12,13) 41

E-12 **HOME SCHOOLING**

The Association believes that home schooling 2 programs based on parental choice do not provide 3 the student with a comprehensive educational experience. When home schooling occurs, 4 students enrolled must meet all state curricular 5 6 requirements, including the taking and passing of 7

assessments to ensure adequate academic progress.

8

9 The Association believes that all public-school 10 students, including home schooled students, must

11 be required to meet the same proficiency

requirements on the same state-mandated 12

13 assessments.

16

14 The Association also believes that any mandated

testing scores of home-schooled students should 15

not be attributed to any school district.

The Association further believes that when home 17 18

schooling is a matter of parental preference, all

19 expenses should be borne by the parents. (08,11)

CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION E-13

1 The Association believes that Career and

2 Technical Education programs are integral

3 components of public education. The Association

4 also believes that in order for equal educational

5 opportunity to be available for each student of the

6 Commonwealth, career and technical education

7 should be provided for students of every education

8 community. (17)

STUDENT TRANSFERS E-14

The Association opposes all transfers that cause 1

2 funding disparity, segregation, and/or scholastic or

extracurricular elitism. (92,14)

E-15 TRANSFER OF STUDENT **RECORDS/PORTFOLIOS**

The Association believes that to assure proper

2 student placement in any educational system,

3 immediate transfer of the student and his/her

records/portfolios is essential.

3

1

5 School entities shall ensure proper placement 6 through the use of records/portfolios, placement 7 test and other appropriate information before 8

admission of the student to class. (80,83,95,13)

REDUCTION IN STUDENT NUMBERS E-16

The Association believes that when enrollment 1 2 declines, school entities should use this 3 opportunity to reduce class size, expand 4 individualized instruction, introduce new courses, 5 increase adult education during the school day, 6 and incorporate day care centers as part of the 7 school program. The Association believes that a 8 reduction in student numbers should not be the 9 reason for curtailment of programs.

The Association urges legislation, adoption of 10 school board policies, and development of master 11 contracts which would reduce class size and/or 12

13 teacher-student ratios.

14 The Association believes that local associations must refrain from negotiating reduction of the 15

number of instructional staff members or program 16

eliminations or sacrificing pupil personnel services 17 18

in order to settle a contract. (81,83,84,90,01)

E-17 **CLASS SIZE**

6

1 The Association believes that small class size will 2 improve student achievement.

3 The Association believes that a maximum class of 4 15 students is appropriate for kindergarten through 5 grade three; a maximum class size of 18 students

in grades four and five; and a maximum of 20

7 students in grades six through twelve.

The Association believes that resources must be 8 provided to schools and districts serving low-9

10 income students to restrict class sizes in the

primary grades. (16) 11

MANDATORY ATTENDANCE LAWS E-18

The Association believes that consistent student 2 attendance in school is vital to academic success. 3 The Association supports reasonable efforts to 4 minimize tardiness, truancy, and other attendance 5 issues. The Association further believes flexible 6 student schedules should be available to afford 7 opportunities for students to attend classes and to 8 be employed part-time in relevant work. Students 9 who have difficulty in the prescribed educational programs should be provided alternative 10 supervised offerings. (81,11,18) 11

STUDENT EMPLOYMENT E-19

The Association believes that the primary 1 2 responsibility of school age students is to obtain an 3 education. The Association further believes that 4 student employment should enhance the academic 5 experience and recommends that school entities, 6 in cooperation with the community, ensure 7 compliance with the existing laws and regulations 8 which govern employed students. (93,13)

E-20 SAFETY EDUCATION

1 The Association believes that safety education for 2 all students should be a joint endeavor involving 3 students, parents/guardians, school employees, 4 and the community at large. Comprehensive 5 safety education programs addressing safety 6 issues and concerns should be made available to 7 everyone involved so they may contribute to the 8 protection and well-being of all students. (10)

E-21 **ADMINISTRATION OF STANDARDIZED TESTS**

1 The Association believes that the method and 2 timing of assessment of students should be 3 determined by each school entity and that at least 4 160 days of instruction must occur prior to the 5 administration of any high stakes testing. (16)

EDUCATIONAL EQUITY IN PUBLIC E-22 **EDUCATION**

The Association believes it is a fundamental 1. responsibility of the Commonwealth to promote a 2. 3. system of equitably distributed resources and support to ensure every student has an equal 4. 5. opportunity for success.

The Association also believes in the importance 6. 7. of a school-wide curriculum that fosters respect

8. for diversity, equity, and inclusion. All public 9. schools must include observances, programs,

10. and curricula that accurately portray and

recognize the roles, contributions, cultures, and 11.

history of diverse groups and individuals. 12.

13. The Association further believes that education

must foster a vibrant, pluralistic society that 14.

authentically reflects diverse populations and 15.

16. cultural perspectives. (20)

V.3 Discipline and Behavior

BULLYING E-23

1 The Association believes the school environment 2 must be free from all forms of bullying, including 3 but not limited to, physical and psychological 4 bullying and cyber bullying. Bullying is the 5 systemic and chronic infliction of physical hurt and/or psychological distress on one or more 6 7 individuals. 8 The Association recognizes that bullying can 9 involve and affect all members of the school community. School districts should develop and 10 implement educational programs designed to help 11 all stakeholders recognize, understand, and 12 prevent all forms of bullying. School districts and 13 higher education entities should provide ongoing 14 15 training, resources and support to all staff 16 regarding the recognition of, prevention of, and

E-24 **DISRUPTIVE BEHAVIOR**

The Association acknowledges the importance of

responses to bullying. (08,10,12,17)

2 recognizing individual differences among students 3 that impose unusual stress on the present 4 structure of American education. We believe that 5 this burden must be shared equally by all levels 6 responsible for public education, including 7 education employees, parents, and directors of school districts. The Association urges school 8 districts to employ qualified professional staff to 9 10 teach and work with disruptive and socially 11 maladjusted students using flexible but appropriate programs and facilities. Guidelines must be 12 13 established by the profession to identify students 14 who need special approaches or programs. 15 Inservice and/or training programs on various approaches to problems of discipline and violence 16 17 should be made available. The Association recognizes that there are extreme 18 cases of disruptive students who exceed the 19 20 standard disciplinary capabilities of public schools. The Association recommends an integrated 21 approach that involves the school entity, social 22 agencies, and families to select alternative school 23 24 programs and facilities that will best meet student 25 needs. 26 The Association believes that the local bargaining unit should have the right to reflect the concerns of 27 28 the profession at a student suspension or 29 expulsion hearing. (80,90,04,13)

E-25 **RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONDUCT OF** STUDENTS TRAVELING TO AND FROM SCHOOL

The Association believes that the conduct of 1 students traveling to or from school should be 2 3 made the legal responsibility of parents/guardians 4 of the students. The school should be required to 5 assume responsibility only during the school day 6 when the student is on school property, utilizing 7 school transportation, and/or participating in a school-sponsored activity. (81,07) 8

School V.4

6

E-26 **CORPORAL PUNISHMENT** 1 The Association supports the use of non-violent

2 strategies to promote appropriate student 3 behavior. 4 The Association further believes that corporal 5 punishment, or the threat of it, should not be used

as a means of disciplining students. (05,14)

JUVENILE OFFENDERS E-27

The Association believes that juvenile offenders 2 adjudicated delinquent by the juvenile justice 3 system and /or placed in detention centers or 4 residential treatment programs should be provided 5 with education programs and other support 6 services that will enable them to become 7 contributing members of society. Juvenile 8 offenders who pose a threat to the health and

9 safety of others and who are not placed in these 10 centers should be provided educational services in 11 an appropriate alternative setting. 12 The Association also supports adequate funding for programs that provide alternatives to 13 14 incarceration, discourage recidivism, and engage 15 juveniles in positive behavior management activities and community-based rehabilitation that 16 17 include counseling and community services. (18)

V.5 Special Circumstances

E-28 **EDUCATION FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH EXCEPTIONALITIES** 1 The Association supports a free and appropriate

2 public education for all individuals with 3 exceptionalities. The Association believes that the educational needs of individuals with 4 5 exceptionalities should be met to the greatest degree possible, but not to the detriment of others. 6 7 The Association also believes these individuals must be placed in an environment which best suits 8 9 their educational needs. Teachers must have 10 control over the development and implementation 11 of these programs. Additionally, the Association believes that school

12 13 personnel working with individuals with

14 exceptionalities must be provided with ongoing 15 professional development to stay current with 16 legislation and best practices relating to the 17 education of individuals with exceptionalities.

The Association further believes that intermediate 18 19 units must be utilized to provide special services

20 for pre-school children with exceptionalities when 21 these services are not available in a local school

22 entity. (81,15)

REQUIRED STATE AND LOCAL E-29 **ASSESSMENTS FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH IEPS**

1 The Association believes that the Individualized 2 Educational Plan (IEP) team should dictate which 3 required state and local assessments are deemed 4 appropriate for students with exceptionalities and 5 allow for exclusions and/or alternative forms of 6 assessment. 7 (05.06)

E-30 **CHILDREN OF MIGRANT AND MOBILE FAMILIES**

The Association supports state and federal 1 2 legislation guaranteeing equal educational 3 opportunities for the children of displaced, migrant, and mobile families. (81,84,17) 4

E-31 PARENT/TEACHER CONFERENCES

1 The Association believes that parents/guardians of 2 school age children have a responsibility to attend 3 parent-teacher conferences. The Association also 4 believes that individual school districts should 5 strongly encourage parents/guardians to attend

6 these conferences. (10)

E-32 SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT AND DISCIPLINE

- The Association believes that a safe and supportive environment in which students are 2 3 treated with dignity is the right of every student. The Association also believes that school entities 4 5 should promote the study, development and 6 funding of a variety of effective disciplinary 7 The Association further believes that policies 8
- 9 promoting educational processes, which
- 10 emphasize prevention, effective interventions, and rehabilitation, will decrease the need for out of 11
- school suspensions, expulsions, in school arrests, 12
- 13 and the practice that is commonly called the
- 14 school-to-prison pipeline. (17)

ENVIRONMENTALLY SAFE SCHOOLS

- The Association believes that all students should 2 be taught in school facilities that have healthy 3 indoor air quality, be safe from environmental and chemical hazards, and be safe from hazardous 4 5 electromagnetic fields.
- 6 The Association further believes that it is 7 incumbent on school entities to be forthcoming with information regarding mold infestation and 8 9 other indoor environmental hazards in school
- 10 facilities. Periodic independent testing for harmful 11 water and detrimental airborne particles/agents
- that can affect the health of any individual must be 12 performed by a licensed third-party and publicly 13
- 14 reported to all stakeholders. Corrective actions should be completed to eliminate the problems in a 15
- timely manner. 16 17 The Association supports facility designs with the
- use of RG non-toxic materials that promote healthy 18
- indoor air quality through properly designed, 19 installed, and maintained heating, ventilation, and 20
- 21 air conditioning (HVAC) systems. (18)

INDIVIDUAL LEARNING. GROWTH, AND E-34 **DEVELOPMENT**

- The Association believes that learners grow and 1 2 develop at different rates and in different ways. 3 Individual learning progresses in a highly complex 4 manner that includes periods of rapid growth and
- 5 periods of intellectual consolidation.
- 6 The Association also believes that individuals learn 7 best in caring, challenging, and safe environments
- that support and engage each learner. Individual 8
- students require learning opportunities that are 9
- differentiated and responsive to their needs, 10
- interests and learning styles. 11
- 12 The Association further believes in the use of
- 13 developmentally appropriate instructional
- 14 practices. (18)

PHYSICAL ACTIVITY AND RECESS

2 activity provides an active form of learning that 3 encourages a healthy lifestyle and promotes 4 physical, mental, and emotional wellness. This 5 physical activity should be provided for all 6 students through physical education classes,

The Association believes that regular physical

- recess, and movement activities scheduled 7
- 8 throughout the day.

1

- 9 The Association also believes that recess allows
- 10 students to develop interpersonal and problem 11 solving skills and that it is not a substitute for a
- 12 comprehensive physical education program.
- 13 The Association further believes that withholding
- 14 recess should be implemented sparingly. (18)

E-36 **MITIGATING STUDENT DEBT**

- The Association believes that the Commonwealth 2 of Pennsylvania must provide financial support for
- 3 public higher education students. Graduates of
- 4 Community Colleges, state supported, and state
- 5 related universities should have access to financial
- 6 aid that will help eliminate student debt. Graduates
- 7 from Community Colleges, state supported, and
- 8 state related institutions of higher education who
- 9 are employed in the Commonwealth for at least
- 10 two years should be granted debt and loan
- forgiveness. (19) 11

E-37 **COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL COUNSELING PROGRAMS**

- 1 The Association believes that comprehensive
- school counseling programs, designed and 2 3 delivered by certified school counselors, contribute
- 4 to the optimal development of all students,
- 5 addressing their academic, career, and
- social/emotional needs throughout their K-12 6
- educational experience. 7
- The Association believes that school counselors 8
- should dedicate at least 80% of their time to direct 9
- student services in order for students to receive the 10
- most efficient and effective benefits from these 11
- 12 services. (21)

RESOLUTIONS COMMITTEE

James G. Vaughan, Executive Director, Harrisburg Joe Canamucio, Staff Consultant, Harrisburg Dr. Pamela Brown, Board Liaison, Oxford EA

CENTRAL Lori M. Mowery, Assoc. Mifflin Co. EA

Allison, Becker, State College EA

CENTRAL-WESTERN Lori A. Beard, Richland EA

Ashley Mondale, Leechburg EA

EASTERN Mark R. Leibold, Allentown EA

Hugh J. Lesster, Allentown EA

ESP Diane M. Crocco, Colonial Food Svs. ESP

Adam Lanza, Western Wayne ESP Angela Pope, Beaver Co. CC ESP Joanne Ruse, Lower Merion ESP Delores M. Scales, Woodland Hills ESP

MIDEASTERN William M. Gerhauser, III, Council Rock EA

Robert T. Guzik, *Colonial EA, Chair* Mike Hermann, *Pennsbury EA*

MIDWESTERN Janet L. Becker, Seneca Valley EA

Tina Farmakis-King, Lakeview EA

NORTHEASTERN Heather E. Kolanich, *Pocono Mt. EA*

Shane M. Kraynak, *Pocono Mt. EA*

NORTHWESTERN Timothy Hart, Valley Grove EA

Mary Kate O'Connell, Wattsburg EA

SOUTHEASTERN Dean R. Beckett, *Interboro EA*

Nicole Gordon, Penn Delco EA

SOUTHERN Megan Klopp, Conestoga Valley EA

Kristy Moore, Hempfield EA

Todd Smeltz, Conestoga Valley EA Carol Yanity, Cumberland Valley EA

SOUTHWESTERN Travis Closser, Burgettstown EA

Tina Ruozzi, Mount Pleasant EA

WESTERN Regis McDevitt, Northgate EA

Michelle Paige, Moon EA

STUDENT PSEA Vacant

PSEA-RETIRED Philip T. Russo, Luzerne Co. PSEA-Retired

ETHNIC MINORITY

Rolanda Pagan-San Martin, York City EA

HIGHER EDUCATION

Joyce Thompson, Lehigh Carbon CC

DEPARTMENT REPRESENTATIVES

Department of Pupil Services Adam Oldham, Big Spring EA

Department of Career and Technical Studies Sherisa Nailor, Big Spring EA

NEA RESOLUTIONS

Tom Ferrari, Ephrata EA
Melanie Masciantonio, Upper Darby EA
Rebecca McLain, West Chester EA
Lori M. Mowery, Assoc. Mifflin Co. EA

Delores Scales, *Woodland Hills ESP*Michelle Sholder, *Capital Area EA*Kristy Snider, *Pocono Mt. EA*



400 North Third Street, PO Box 1724 Harrisburg, PA 17105-1724

